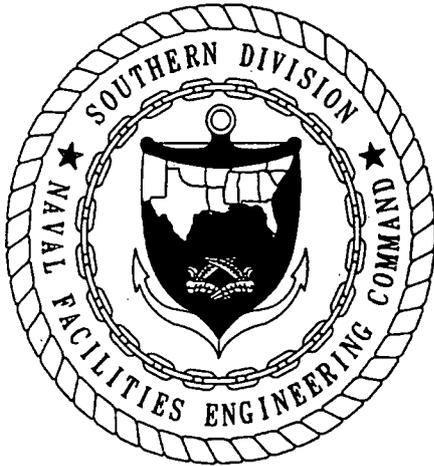


N00164.AR.000485
NSWC CRANE
5090.3a



FINAL

Interim Measures Report
SWMU - 25/07D
Highway 58 Dump Site A

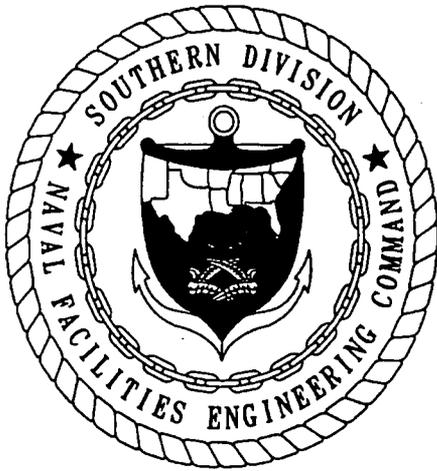
Volume 1

NSWC Crane
Crane, Indiana

Unit Identification Code: N00164
Contract No. N62467-93-D-1106

November, 1999

**Southern Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
North Charleston, South Carolina
29419-9010**



FINAL

Interim Measures Report
SWMU - 25/07D
Highway 58 Dump Site A

Volume 1

NSWC Crane
Crane, Indiana

Unit Identification Code: N00164
Contract No. N62467-93-D-1106

November, 1999

**Southern Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
North Charleston, South Carolina
29419-9010**

FINAL

**INTERIM MEASURES REPORT
SWMU - 25/07D
Highway 58 Dump Site A**

**NSWC CRANE
CRANE, INDIANA**

Volume 1

November, 1999

**CONTRACT N62467-93-D-1106
DELIVERY ORDER #0009
STATEMENT OF WORK #007**

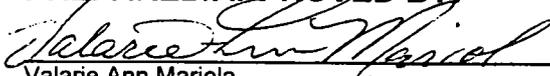
Prepared for

**SOUTHERN DIVISION
NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND
2155 Eagle Drive
P.O. Box 190010
North Charleston, South Carolina 29419-9010**

Prepared by:

**MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
2420 Mall Drive
Corporate Square 1 - Suite 211
North Charleston, South Carolina 29406**

PREPARED/APPROVED BY:


Valarie Ann Mariola
MK Project Engineer

11/19/99
Date

APPROVALS:


Alán Fosdick
MK Program Manager

11/23/99
Date

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Interim Measures Report has been prepared by Morrison Knudsen (MK) for the Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFACENGCOM), Southern Division pursuant to the scope of work defined in Delivery Order #0009, under Contract #N62467-93-D-1106. All remediation actions and interim measures taken at the Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 25/07D, located at Highway 58 Dump Site A, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane, Indiana (NSWC Crane), were performed in response to the RCRA Part B Permit for NSWC Crane.

The objectives at SWMU 25/07D, Highway 58 Dump Site A, were to remove debris and incidental soil excavated with the debris. Disposal was to be either on-site or off-site depending on contaminant concentration. Soils were to be left in place and characterized for any future remediation requirements. Any excavated areas would be backfilled to original grade and restored with vegetation.

SWMU 25/07D, Dump Site A had two dump areas. The larger area was approximately 39 feet by 150 feet, and the second area was approximately 25 feet by 10 feet. Photographs taken during various working stages of the site are contained in Appendix A. This site was found to be contaminated with pieces of varying sizes of Transite (asbestos-containing material). The material was determined to be non-friable in its current state. No other contaminants were found above the TCLP limits. The primary area of removal was approximately 2000 square feet and the debris extended to depths of approximately two feet.

A small excavator and skid steer loader were used to remove the large debris and ammunition shells. Random debris was hand picked throughout the work area, where possible, with minimal disturbance to the hillside. During debris clean-up, workers scanned the completed areas with metal detectors to confirm the removal of metallic debris. All the debris collected was non-hazardous and was removed from the site by truck.

Following the completion of debris removal, confirmation sampling was performed. Eleven samples 25/07D-006 through 25/07D-016 were collected and analyzed by a laboratory for 40 CFR 264, Appendix IX criteria in accordance with the Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP). The confirmation sample results were reviewed and accepted, and the site was restored with backfill and native ground cover.

SWMU 25/07D Acceptance and Turnover statement is dated July 12, 1996, and reflects the final inspection of SWMU 25/07D by Naval Surface Warfare Center (NSWC) personnel. The work performed at SWMU 25/07D has been accepted by the Navy.

The Interim Measure project at SWMU #25/07D was terminated. The confirmatory samples showed no contamination levels above the cleanup objectives, and all visible signs of transite and "strange" debris has been removed. Additional debris discovered during this interim measure was left in place since it may have been used as backfill to support the road (Highway 58). It is recommended that SWMU #25/07D revert back to the RFI process beginning with soil borings under the road to determine the need for further remediation.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME 1

| <u>SECTION</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|--|-------------|
| EXECUTIVE SUMMARY | i |
| ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS | iv |
| 1.0 INTRODUCTION | 1-1 |
| 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND | 2-1 |
| 2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION | 2-1 |
| 2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING | 2-1 |
| 3.0 WORK EXECUTION | 3-1 |
| 3.1 SITE CHARACTERIZATION | 3-1 |
| 3.2 EXCAVATION AND REMOVAL OF DEBRIS | 3-1 |
| 3.3 RECONSTRUCTION AND RESTORATION | 3-1 |
| 3.4 WASTE DISPOSAL | 3-2 |
| 4.0 SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS | 4-1 |
| 4.1 SAMPLING PROCEDURES | 4-1 |
| 4.2 SAMPLE COLLECTION | 4-1 |
| 4.2.1 Characterization | 4-1 |
| 4.2.2 Confirmation | 4-1 |
| 4.3 SAMPLE ANALYSES | 4-1 |
| 4.4 DATA QUALITY CONTROL | 4-2 |
| 4.4.1 Field Quality Control | 4-2 |
| 4.4.2 Laboratory Quality Control | 4-2 |
| 5.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS | 5-1 |
| 6.0 REFERENCES | 6-1 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| <u>FIGURE</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|--|-------------|
| 2-1 NSWCRANE VICINITY MAP | 2-2 |
| 2-2 LOCATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS | 2-3 |
| 4-1 SAMPLE LOCATIONS | 4-5 |

LIST OF TABLES

| <u>TABLE</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|--|--------------------|
| 3-1 SAMPLE COLLECTION SUMMARY | 3-3 |
| 3-2 CHARACTERIZATION SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY | 3-4 |
| 3-3 CONFIRMATION SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY | 3-5 |
| 3-4 BACKGROUND AND BORROW PIT ANALYTICAL RESULTS | 3-7 |
| 4-1 ANALYTE REPORTING LIMITS EXCEEDING IM CLEANUP LEVELS | 4-6 |

LIST OF APPENDICES

| <u>APPENDIX</u> | <u>PAGE</u> |
|--|--------------------|
| A PHOTOGRAPHS | A-1 |
| B CORRESPONDENCE | B-1 |
| C APPROVALS, PERMITS, AND REGULATORY INFORMATION | C-1 |

VOLUME 2

| <u>APPENDIX</u> | |
|----------------------------|-----|
| D ANALYTICAL RESULTS | D-1 |
| E QC DATA | E-1 |
| F WASTE MANIFESTS | F-1 |

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

| | |
|-------------|--|
| AENI | American Environmental Network, Inc |
| CAAA | Crane Army Ammunition Activity |
| CEC | CompuChem Environmental Corporation |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| DRMO | Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office |
| HSWA | Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments |
| IDEM | Indiana Department of Environmental Management |
| IM | Interim Measure |
| IMR | Interim Measures Report |
| MK | Morrison Knudsen Corporation |
| MS | Matrix Spike |
| MS/MD | Matrix Spike/Matrix Duplicate |
| NAVFACENCOM | Naval Facilities Engineering Command |
| NSWC | Naval Surface Warfare Center |
| QAPP | Quality Assurance Project Plan |
| QCP | Quality Control Plan |
| RFI | RCRA Facilities Investigation |
| RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| SAP | Sampling and Analysis Plan |
| SWMU | Solid Waste Management Unit |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Morrison Knudsen Corporation (MK) was contracted by the Southern Division (SOUTH DIV), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFACENGCOM), under Contract #N62467-93-D-1106, Delivery Order #0009, Statement of Work #007 to remediate Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) at Naval Surface Warfare Center (NSWC) Crane, Crane, Indiana. This Interim Measures Report (IMR) summarizes the construction and environmental tasks associated with the sampling, excavation, and disposal of materials from SWMU 25/07D, Highway 58 Dump Site A, during a voluntary interim measure conducted in 1995 and 1996.

Promulgation of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA's) regulatory program under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) provided the impetus to identify and control environmental contamination from past practices at NSWC Crane. On December 23, 1989, the USEPA issued the Federal portion of the final RCRA Part B permit for NSWC Crane to the US Navy; the permit renewal, for a period of five years, was issued on July 31, 1995. This permit also contains the State permit conditions, which were issued separately by the State of Indiana RCRA program. The permit establishes the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment (HSWA) corrective action requirements and compliance schedules which obligate the US Navy to perform RCRA Facility Investigations (RFIs) at 30 SWMUs, to conduct Corrective Measures Studies, and to implement corrective measures if needed. Voluntary interim measures were performed at SWMU 25/07D (Highway 58 Dump Site A) as part of the RCRA Part B Permit for NSWC Crane.

MK provided project management, construction management, scientific and environmental, health and safety oversight, and quality control staff. MK's primary subcontractor, US Tech, provided debris removal and disposal, and backfilling/restoration services. American Environmental Network, Inc. (AENI) and CompuChem Environmental Corporation (CEC) provided analytical services under contract to MK.

MK prepared the following project documents which describe the procedures to be used in execution of the voluntary interim measure (IM) at SWMU 25/07D:

- *Work Plan for Interim Measures Cleanup at Solid Waste Management Units #23/00, #25/07D, and #26/08D, Revision B, as amended, dated August 25, 1995, (MK, 1995a)*
- *Task-Specific Site Safety and Health Plan, Supplement to Work Plan for Solid Waste Management Units #23/00/ #25/07D, and #26/08D, Revision B, dated August 25, 1995, (MK, 1995b)*
- *General Project Plans for Interim Measures Cleanup, Revision C, August 18, 1995, consisting of the following plans:*
 - *Quality Control Plan, Rev. C, August 18, 1995, (MK, 1995c)*
 - *Quality Assurance Project Plan, Rev. C, December 29, 1995, (MK, 1995d)*
 - *Waste Management Plan, Rev. C, August 18, 1995, (MK, 1995e)*
 - *Sampling and Analysis Plan, Rev. C, August 18, 1995, (MK, 1995f)*
 - *Environmental Protection Plan, Rev. C, August 18, 1995, (MK, 1995g)*

MK received approval of the Work Plan for SWMUs #23/00, #25/07D, and #26/08D on September 27, 1995.

The target cleanup levels for this IM were taken from "*RCRA Corrective Action Guidance Human Data Quality Levels for RFI Projects*," June 18, 1994, (USEPA, 1994), as site-specific risk-based cleanup levels had not been developed for NSWC Crane. The target cleanup levels are presented in Volume 2, Appendix D.

2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

NSWC Crane consists of 62,463 acres located approximately 75 miles south of Indianapolis, Indiana, as shown in Figure 2-1. The facility provides support for equipment, shipboard weapons systems, and ordnance. In addition, NSWC Crane supports the Crane Army Ammunition Activity (CAAA), including production and renovation of conventional ammunition, as well as storage, shipment, demilitarization, and disposal of conventional ammunition.

The Highway 58 Dump Site A is located west of the NSWC Crane Salvage Yard, across the road from Building 2167 as shown in Figure 2-2. The dump site is along a hillside with an intermittent stream located at the base of the hill. Access to the site is from above, via Highway 58 (H-58), or a trail below, as shown in photographs 1a and 1b provided in Appendix A of this report. There are two dump areas: the larger area is approximately 39 feet by 150 feet, and the smaller area to the southeast is about 25 feet by 10 feet. The disposal areas are heavily wooded with underbrush and a thick layer of leaves covering the ground. Visual inspection revealed that the smaller area contained primarily transite tiles of non-friable asbestos.

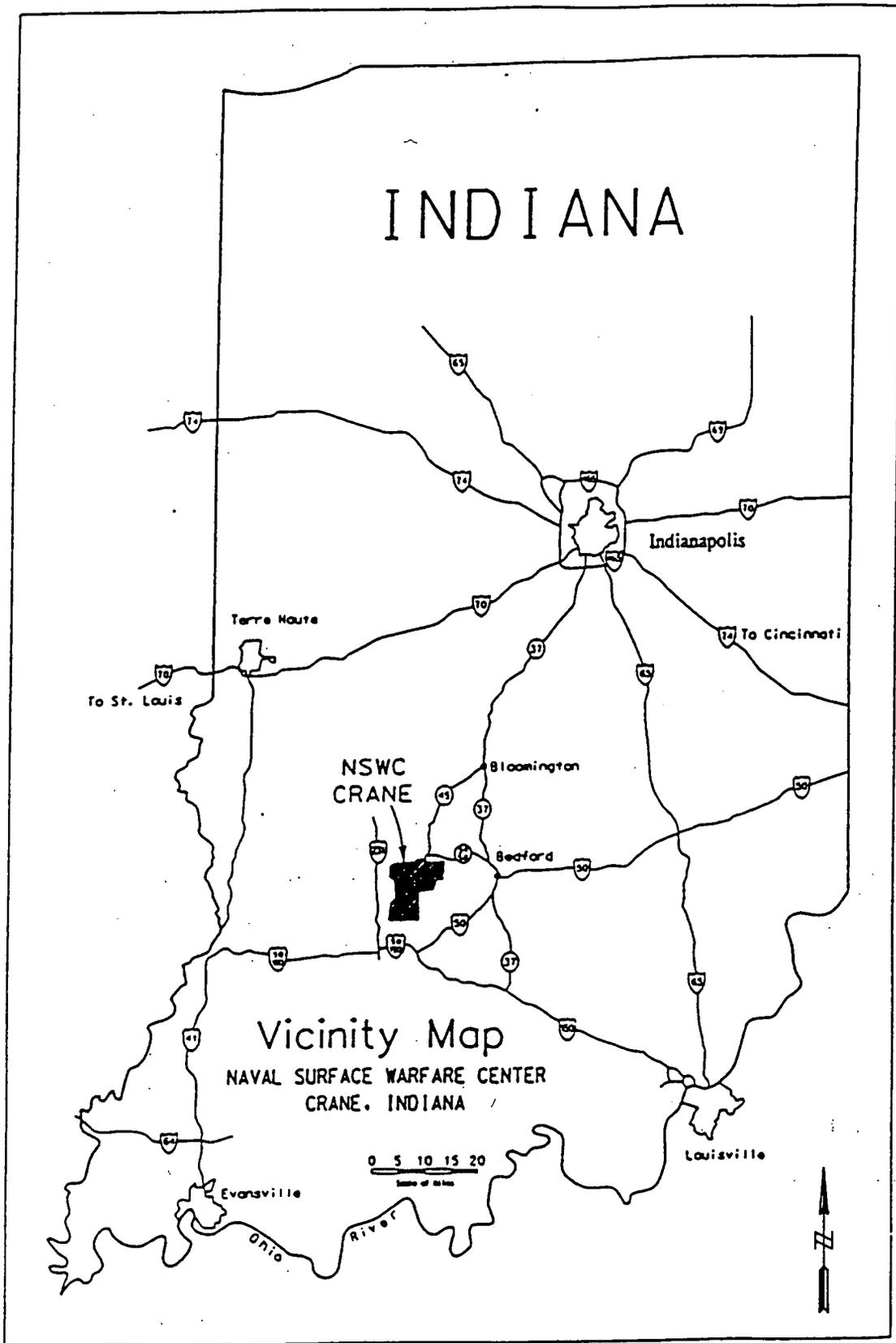
2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The topography of NSWC Crane consists of flat to gently rolling terrain dissected by numerous well-defined drainage ways. Surface elevation ranges from approximately 470 feet at the drainage exiting the southern boundary of Crane to 860 feet on a ridge in the west-central portion of the facility. Ridge crests generally lie at elevations of 750 to 800 feet (NEESA 1983).

Natural surface drainage at NSWC Crane is dendritic and defines four drainage basins. Dump Site A is located in Basin IV which occupies the central portion of the facility. Surface drainage in the immediate area of Dump Site A empties into Turkey Creek. All surface drainage from the NSWC empties into the East Fork of the White River south of the installation (NEESA 1983).

NSWC Crane is underlain by unconsolidated deposits of Quaternary (Pleistocene) age and residual soil derived from Pennsylvanian and Mississippian bedrock. The unconsolidated deposits are limited to the small floodplains and are composed of alluvial, colluvial, and paludal (marshland) silt, sand, and gravel; lacustrine clay, silt, and sand; and outwash plain gravel, sand, and silt. The remainder of NSWC Crane surficial deposits consist of residual clays and silt from the Pennsylvanian Raccoon Creek Group and Mississippian Stephensport and West Baden Groups with small areas of Quaternary clay, silt, and sand (Lacustrine deposits). The bedrock units beneath the facility, primarily Raccoon Creek and Stephensport Groups containing predominately sandstone and shale, reportedly dip gently from the Cincinnati Arch to the Illinois Basin in the southwest (NEESA 1983).

From boring logs collected from the facility, the major soil type is a 2- to 3-inch-thick surface layer of brown to tan organic clay loam underlain by clay intermixed with silts and sand. Occasionally, a clay hardpan occurs between 25 and 32 inches below the surface (NEESA 1983).



**FIGURE 2-1
NSWC CRANE VICINITY MAP**

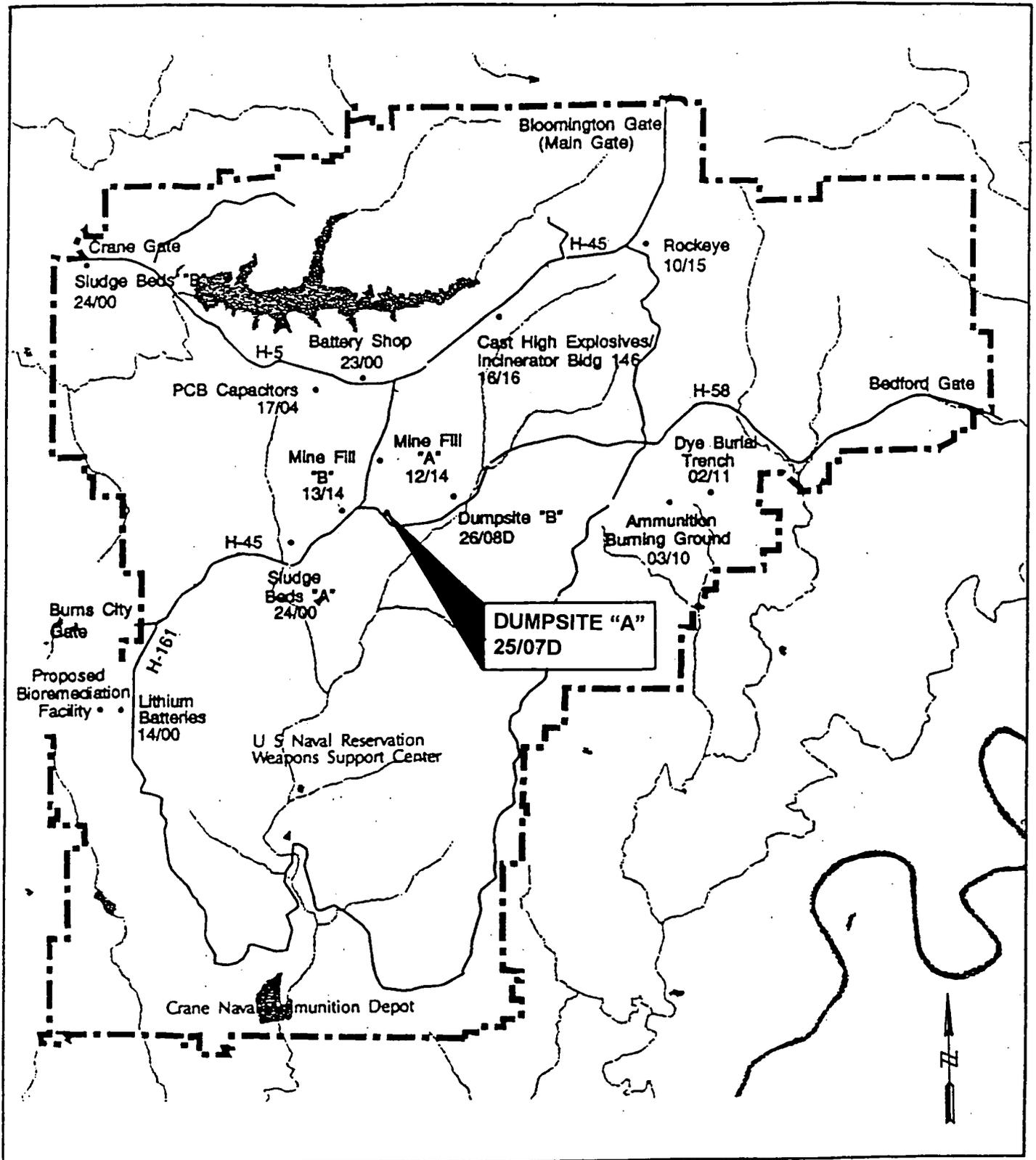


FIGURE 2-2
 LOCATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT 25/07D

FIGURE 2-2
LOCATION OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT 25/07D
3.0
WORK EXECUTION

3.1 SITE CHARACTERIZATION

Visual inspection of Highway 58 Dump Site A indicated scattered debris consisting of transite siding and pipe, various sizes of concrete pipe and block, metal cans, caps, drums, blocks of roofing tar, chunks of cast concrete, metal pipe, cast metal drains, and electrical porcelain insulators. There were no detectable smells or organic vapor indications noted in the area during the initial walk downs. Inert (concrete-filled) hardware, such as 12.75 inch warheads (Hedgehog), had been used as filler to prevent land erosion. A memo dated June 5, 1995, in Appendix B, shows a sketch of the configuration of disposed ordnance buried at the site. Photographs 2a through 5b in Appendix A show the debris and heavy foliage at the dump site.

Two random soil characterization samples were initially collected for Dump Site A on July 18, 1995, (25/07D-001 and 002). The samples were analyzed for 40 CFR 264, Appendix IX analytes. Results indicate arsenic, beryllium, and cobalt above the target cleanup levels. Table 3-1 identifies the analysis requested for each sample. A summary of detected analytes is presented in Table 3-2.

As debris removal began, it became apparent that the affected depth and horizontal area was greater than originally projected. Transite tile and other debris were intermingled with the natural vegetation, soil, and humic material. Five additional characterization samples were collected on November 16 and 17, 1995, (25/07D-003 thru 007). The samples were analyzed for Appendix IX analytes and ignitability, corrosivity, and reactivity. Samples 25/07D-006 and 007 were also analyzed for TCLP metals and semi-volatile organics. These sample results indicated arsenic, beryllium, and cobalt were detected at concentrations above the cleanup levels for most samples, and the additional metals of copper, lead, and zinc above cleanup levels in one sample (25/07D-006). The established cleanup levels are shown in Table 5 of the SAP which is provided in Volume 2, Appendix D of this report. Levels of arsenic ranging from 2,600 to 201,000 ppb were detected in all of the samples collected. Beryllium and cobalt were also detected in levels as high as 820 ppb and 17,500 ppb, respectively. Previous background and backfill material sample results also indicate high levels of various metals which are shown in Table 3-4. Complete analytical results are included in Volume 2, Appendix D.

3.2 EXCAVATION AND REMOVAL OF DEBRIS

A small excavator and skid steer loader was used to remove the large debris and ammunition shells. Photograph 10 in Appendix A shows the excavator and triaxle dump truck. Random smaller debris was hand-picked wherever possible, with minimal disturbance to the hillside. During debris clean-up, workers scanned the completed areas with metal detectors to confirm the removal of metallic cans, drums, and debris. Metal debris as deep as two feet below ground surface was detected and removed. All the excavated debris mixed with transite material and incidental soil was removed and disposed as special waste at an approved landfill.

Following the completion of debris removal, confirmation sampling was performed. Eleven soil samples were collected and analyzed by CEC laboratory for 40 CFR 264, Appendix IX analytes in accordance with the SAP. Sampling and analytical results are discussed in Section 4.0 of this report.

3.3 RECONSTRUCTION AND RESTORATION

Following review of analysis on confirmation samples 25/07D-006 through 25/07D-016, the excavated area was backfilled with topsoil material from the Bioremediation Facility construction site located next to the NSWC Crane onsite landfill (see Figure 2-2). Samples NSWC-BIOF-001 through 014 were analyzed for RCRA metals. The results, shown in Table 3-4, indicate that the topsoil was acceptable for use at Dump Site A. The backfill, including topsoil, was placed and compacted in one foot increments or less until the site was restored to near original grade. The area was seeded, mulched, and subsequently monitored to ensure establishment of adequate ground cover to prevent erosion. Adequate ground cover has been re-established, and the work was accepted by the US Navy on July 12, 1996. A copy of the SWMU Acceptance and Turnover Statement is included with the regulatory documents in Appendix C.

3.4 WASTE DISPOSAL

The debris and incidental soils, including asbestos-containing material, removed from Dump Site A (SWMU 25/07D) were classified as non hazardous "special" wastes and were transported by truck to the Southside Landfill in Indianapolis, Indiana. Fourteen loads totaling approximately 240 tons were taken to the landfill. A copy of the Asbestos Waste Shipment/Disposal Records dated February 2, February 5, and March 11, 1995, are provided in Volume 2, Appendix F.

Table 3-1
Sample Collection Summary

| Sample No. | Medium | Sample Type | Date Sampled | Analysis | Location |
|------------|--------|------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| 25/07D-001 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 07/18/95 | APPENDIX IX | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-002 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 07/18/95 | APPENDIX IX | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-003 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/16/95 | APPENDIX IX / ASBESTOS / RCRA | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-004 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/16/95 | APPENDIX IX / ASBESTOS / RCRA | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-005 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/16/95 | APPENDIX IX / ASBESTOS / RCRA | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-006 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/17/95 | APPENDIX IX / RCRA | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-007 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/17/95 | APPENDIX IX / RCRA | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-006 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/17/95 | TCLP | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-007 | SOIL | WASTE CHARACTERIZATION | 11/17/95 | TCLP | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-006 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-007 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION D | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-008 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-009 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-010 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-011 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-012 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-013 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-014 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-015 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-016 | SOIL | CONFIRMATION D | 03/12/96 | APPENDIX IX / 9002 | Fig 4-1 |
| 25/07D-T20 | LIQUID | TRIP BLANK | 03/12/96 | 8240 | N/A |
| 25/07D-T21 | LIQUID | TRIP BLANK | 03/12/96 | 8240 | N/A |
| 25/07D-T22 | LIQUID | TRIP BLANK | 03/12/96 | 8240 | N/A |
| 25/07D-T23 | LIQUID | TRIP BLANK | 03/12/96 | 8240 | N/A |
| 25/07D-T24 | LIQUID | TRIP BLANK | 03/12/96 | 8240 | N/A |

Note: A 'D' next to the Sample Type indicates a duplicate.

TABLE 3-2
Characterization Sample Analytical Results Summary

| Compound | Interim Measure Cleanup Level ug/kg | Sample ID Sample Date Medium | 25/07D-001 7/18/95 SOIL | 25/07D-001RE 7/18/95 SOIL | 25/07D-002 7/18/95 SOIL | 25/07D-002RE 7/18/95 SOIL | 25/07D-003 11/16/95 SOIL | 25/07D-004 11/16/95 SOIL | 25/07D-005 11/16/95 SOIL | 25/07D-006 11/17/95 SOIL | 25/07D-007 11/17/95 SOIL | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----|
| Methylene Chloride | 22000 | | 38 | 39 B | 25 B | | 28 | 15 | 22 | | 53 | | |
| Acetone | 230000 | | 110 JB | 84 JB | | | 12 J | | | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethene | 22000 | | 19 | 16 | | | 34 | | | 11000 | 45 | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 530 | | 200 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | 660 | | 55 J | | | | 110 J | | | | | | |
| Fluoranthene | 1600000 | | 130 J | | | 65 J | | | | | | | |
| Pyrene | 1200000 | | 130 J | | | 60 J | | | | | | | |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 660 | | 140 J | | | 61 J | | | | | | | |
| Chrysene | 800 | | 210 J | | | 76 J | | | | | | | |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 660 | | 220 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 660 | | 190 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 660 | | 200 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 1200 | | 190 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | 120 | | 100 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 660 | | 220 J | | | | | | | | | | |
| Endosulfan I | 2000 | | | | | | | | | 4.3 P | | | |
| Arsenic | 970 | | 11300 | | 13100 | | 12200 N | 9600 N | 7000 N | 120000 N | 201000 N | | |
| Antimony | 31000 | | | | | | | | | 32000 N | 101000 N | | |
| Barium | 5500000 | | 87700 | | 61900 | | 64300 | 64600 | 111000 | 100000 | | | |
| Beryllium | 400 | | 800 | | 790 | | 750 | 820 | 480 B | | | | |
| Cadmium | 39000 | | 1800 N | | | | 1300 | 580 | | 11700 | 1400 | | |
| Chromium | 940000 | | 25300 EN | | 27600 EN | | 22100 N* | 19500 N* | 19200 N* | 23300 N* | 14400 N* | | |
| Cobalt | 100 | | 15600 | | 8100 | | 12700 | 7400 | 6100 B | 2500 | 4800 | | |
| Copper | 2900000 | | 92100 | | 17100 | | 110000 N* | 26500 N* | 20200 N* | 3810000 N* | 1190000 N* | | |
| Lead | 500000 | | 22400 | | 24400 | | 19500 EN* | 16500 EN* | 41300 EN* | 728000 EN* | 119000 EN* | | |
| Mercury | 23000 | | | | | | | 190 | | | 250 | | |
| Nickel | 1600000 | | 45300 | | 21100 | | 34600 N | 13700 N | 12600 N | 211000 N | 55400 N | | |
| Vanadium | 550000 | | 36100 | | 32500 | | 26900 N* | 27700 N* | 24600 N* | | | | |
| Zinc | 23000000 | | 1360000 E | | 78900 E | | 16100000 N | 1990000 N | 70500 N | 102000000 N | 7810000 N | | |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD | | | 1.33 | | 1.69 | | | | | | | | |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF | | | 0.251 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TCLP RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hexachloroethane | 3000 ug/l | | | | | | | | | 140 ug/l | D | 29 ug/l | JD |
| Barium | 100000 ug/l | | | | | | | | | | | 1800 ug/l | |
| Cadmium | 1000 ug/l | | | | | | | | | 79.2 ug/l | | 61.5 ug/l | |
| Lead | 5000 ug/l | | | | | | | | | 347 ug/l | | 117 ug/l | |

Notes:

1. Outlined results in **BOLD** indicate a sample level above the Interim Measures Cleanup Level.

2. Flagcode explanations:

J: Estimated below reporting limit

B: (for Organic Analytes): Analyte also found in corresponding Blank sample(s)

B: (for metals): Indicates a concentration below reporting limit.

P: Value from quantitation and confirmation columns differed by more than 25%. Data flagged and lower of two values reported.

N: Spike recoveries outside of QC limits

*: For Metals, Replicate precision results outside of QC limits

E: Exceeded range of calibration curve

D: Value from dilution run

3. All sample results not shown in this table are non-detects.

4. Samples 25/07D-006 and 25/07D-007 were re-analyzed for TCLP metals and semi-volatile analyses. Results are shown in last four rows of table. Criteria for these analytes are toxicity level criteria for TCLP.

5. Soil sample results are reported in ug/kg.

TABLE 3-3
Confirmation Sample Analytical Results Summary

| Compound | Interim Measures Cleanup Level ug/kg | Sample ID Sample Date Medium | 25/07D-006 | 25/07D-007 | 25/07D-008 | 25/07D-009 | 25/07D-010 | 25/07D-011 | 25/07D-012 | 25/07D-013 | 25/07D-014 | 25/07D-015 | 25/07D-016 |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | 3/12/96 SOIL |
| Methylene Chloride | 22000 | | 8 JB | 6 JB | 6 JB | 9 JB | 11 JB | 7 JB | 14 B | 12 B | 7 JB | 6 JB | 8 JB |
| Acetone | 230000 | | 14 B | 7 JB | 6 JB | 12 B | 10 JB | 11 JB | | 10 JB | 12 B | 13 B | 14 B |
| Tetrachloroethene | 22000 | | | | 2 J | | 29 | 26 | 3 J | | | | |
| Acenaphthylene | 660 | | | | | | | | | 160 J | | | |
| Hexachloroethane | 39000 | | | | | | 8800 E | 68 J | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 530 | | | | | | 95 J | | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | 660 | | | | | 46 J | | | | 260 J | | | |
| Anthracene | 1900 | | | | | | | | | 120 J | | | |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 660 | | | | 75 J | 120 J | 45 J | | | 1900 | | | |
| Chrysene | 800 | | | | 86 J | 120 J | 52 J | | | 2100 | | | |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 660 | | | | 220 XJ | 330 XJ | 160 JX | 92 XJ | 78 XJ | 3700 X | | | |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 660 | | | | 200 XJ | 300 XJ | 140 JX | 84 XJ | 82 XJ | 3900 X | | | |
| Fluoranthene | 1600000 | | | | 65 J | 130 J | | | | 1700 | | | |
| Pyrene | 1200000 | | | | 70 J | 130 J | | | | 1900 | | | |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 1200 | | | | 93 J | 140 J | 85 J | | | 1800 | | | |
| Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | 120 | | | | | | | | | 460 | | | |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 660 | | | | 150 J | 190 J | 100 J | | | 2000 | | | |
| Aldrin | 50 | | | | 0.25 JP | 0.38 JP | 0.28 JP | 0.068 JP | | | | 0.26 JP | 0.45 JP |
| beta-BHC | 4.02 | | | | 0.68 JP | | | | 0.22 JP | | | | 1.1 JP |
| delta-BHC | 6.03 | | 0.15 JP | | 0.061 JP | 0.16 JP | 0.14 J | 0.13 JP | 0.16 JP | 0.097 JP | 0.14 JP | 0.22 J | 0.14 JP |
| Dieldrin | 53 | | | 3.9 JP | 0.12 JP | 0.23 JP | 0.49 JP | | 0.098 JP | 0.36 JP | 0.43 JP | 0.1 JP | 0.13 JP |
| Endosulfan I | 2000 | | | | 1.2 JP | 3.6 P | 2.2 P | 0.77 JP | 1.3 JP | 3.1 P | | 1.0 JP | 2.4 |
| Endosulfan II | 2000 | | | | 0.15 JP | 0.71 JP | | 0.52 JP | 0.39 JP | 0.97 JP | 0.15 JP | 1.4 J | 0.18 JP |
| Endosulfan Sulfate | 44.2 | | | | 0.66 JBP | 0.64 JB | 0.45 JBP | 0.29 JBP | | 1.1 JBP | | 0.53 JBP | 0.13 JBP |
| Endrin | 12000 | | | | 3.6 P | 0.33 JP | 0.36 JP | 1.5 JP | 0.37 J | 0.57 JP | 0.26 J | 0.29 JP | 0.44 JP |
| Endrin Aldehyde | 15.4 | | | | 2.0 P | 2.3 P | 0.36 JP | 0.4 JP | | 2.6 P | 0.95 JP | 0.15 JP | 0.35 JP |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | 2.68 | | | | 0.32 JP | | 0.1 JP | | 0.071 JP | | 0.082 JP | 0.10 JP | 0.21 JP |
| Heptachlor | 190 | | 0.11 JP | | 0.33 JP | 0.69 JP | 0.19 JP | 0.096 JP | 0.068 JP | 0.15 JP | 0.077 JP | 0.087 JP | 0.25 JP |
| Heptachlor Epoxide | 94 | | | | | | 0.20 JP | 0.097 JP | 0.15 JP | 0.45 JP | 0.22 JP | 0.28 J | 0.19 JP |
| Methoxychlor | 200000 | | 0.35 JP | | 4.5 | 5.0 P | 2.0 JP | 1.8 JP | 0.43 JP | 0.80 JP | | 0.32 JP | |
| 4,4'-DDD | 3500 | | | | 0.27 J | 0.54 JP | 0.48 JP | | | 1.2 JP | 0.41 JP | 0.64 JP | 0.25 JP |
| 4,4'-DDE | 2500 | | 0.16 JP | | 0.13 JP | 0.12 JP | 0.19 J | 0.54 JP | 0.23 JP | 0.29 J | 0.26 JP | | 0.078 JP |
| 4,4'-DDT | 8 | | | | 0.68 JP | 1.4 J | 0.47 JP | | 0.55 JP | 0.94 JP | 0.16 JP | 1.1 JP | 0.98 JP |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) | 110 | | 2.7 JBP | 2.8 JBP | 1.8 JBP | 0.69 JBP | 10 JBP | 2.4 JBP | 2.4 JBP | 4.7 JBP | | | 1.6 JBP |
| 2,4,5-T | 390000 | | 1.8 JBP | | | | 2.6 JBP | | | 3.0 JBP | 1.2 JBP | 0.43 JBP | 2.9 JBP |
| Antimony | 31000 | | 900 NB | 290 NB | | 400 NB | | | | 730 NB | 420 NB | 690 NB | 230 |
| Arsenic | 970 | | 22500 | 13800 | 2600 | 4800 | 8500 | 3100 | 8000 | 6900 | 4200 | 6000 | 6400 |
| Barium | 5500000 | | 41500 | 36800 | 24200 | 35400 | 71500 | 30300 | 36700 | 53100 | 37600 | 34700 | 64500 |
| Beryllium | 400 | | 580 B | 420 B | 290 B | 370 B | 290 B | 280 B | 330 B | 480 B | 450 B | 380 B | 410 B |
| Cadmium | 39000 | | | | | 330 N | 1200 N | | 170 N | | | | |
| Chromium | 940000 | | 21000 N* | 10600 N* | 8400 N* | 6700 N* | 9800 N* | 6900 N* | 8800 N* | 12700 N* | 10000 N* | 7100 N* | 7100 N* |
| Cobalt | 100 | | 7000 | 4100 B | 3300 B | 5200 B | 4400 B | 6400 | 5900 B | 8100 | 5300 B | 17500 | 10300 |
| Copper | 2900000 | | 12400 | 10900 | 8200 | 18500 | 117000 | 11800 | 70800 | 25500 | 92400 | 8400 | 9900 |
| Lead | 500000 | | 16000 * | 11600 * | 6600 * | 10500 * | 35100 * | 63900 * | 38800 * | 22000 * | 62800 * | 12000 * | 15800 * |
| Nickel | 1600000 | | 5900 | 4300 B | 7100 | 10800 | 14000 | 10600 | 11300 | 12000 | 11500 | 12500 | 8000 |
| Selenium | 390000 | | 860 N | 570 NB | 290 NB | | 650 N | | 610 N | 360 NB | 370 NB | | 1100 N |
| Tin | 4700000 | | | 510 NB | 760 NB | 890 NB | 2200 NB | 4200 NB | 2100 NB | 1200 NB | 1600 NB | 820 NB | 720 NB |
| Vanadium | 550000 | | 20400 | 15000 | 6200 | 8400 | 9500 | 5100 B | 8400 | 19100 | 10500 | 8700 | 9300 |
| Zinc | 2300000 | | 510000 | 410000 | 45100 | 1630000 | 5970000 | 332000 | 2110000 | 452000 | 472000 | 25300 | 27900 |

TABLE 3-3
Confirmation Sample Analytical Results Summary

Notes:

1. Outlined results in **BOLD** indicate a sample level above the Interim Measures Cleanup Level.
2. Flagcode explanations:
 - J: Estimated below reporting limit
 - B: Analyte also found in corresponding Blank sample(s)
 - B: *(for metals): Indicates a concentration below reporting limit.*
 - P: Value from quantitation and confirmation columns differed by more than 25%. Data flagged and lower of two values reported.
 - N: Spike recoveries outside of QC limits
 - *: For Metals, Replicate precision results outside of QC limits
 - E: Exceeded range of calibration curve
 - X: Benzo(b)fluoranthene and Benzo(k)fluoranthene determined to be indistinguishable co-eluting isomers
3. All sample results not shown in this table are non-detects.
4. Trip blank samples are not shown because no detectable compounds were found.

TABLE 3-4
BACKGROUND AND BORROW PIT ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY

| Interim Measures | | | Arsenic | Barium | Beryllium | Chromium | Cobalt | Copper | Lead | Lithium | Nickel | Vanadium | Zinc |
|-----------------------|----------|--|--------------|---------|------------|----------|--------------|---------|--------|--------------|---------|----------|----------|
| Cleanup Level (ug/kg) | | | 970 | 5500000 | 400 | 940000 | 100 | 2900000 | 500000 | 1600 | 1600000 | 550000 | 23000000 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-001 | 3/16/95 | | 9400 | 62400 | 570 | 15800 | 3900 | 15300 | 13800 | 12800 | 10000 | 31200 | 395 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-002 | 3/16/95 | | 9000 | 65100 | 560 | 16900 | 4600 | 16100 | 14900 | 11700 | 10800 | 30800 | 41900 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-003 | 10/12/95 | | 7800 | 92100 | 740 | 22100 | 8600 | 15100 | 14200 | 14900 | 14500 | 39000 | 40800 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-004 | 10/12/95 | | 6300 | 83900 | 810 | 22800 | 7000 | 13900 | 13700 | 14700 | 13500 | 38200 | 40100 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-005 | 10/27/95 | | 1900 | 20600 | NR | 4600 | 2400 | 4300 | 3500 | NR | 6200 | 7300 | 16000 |
| NSWC-BP/BF-006 | 10/27/95 | | 1800 | 26700 | NR | 5600 | 3200 | 4800 | 3900 | NR | 6600 | 8600 | 17700 |
| NSWC-BIOF001 | 3/7/96 | | 9200 | 86300 | 627 | 17700 | 9200 | 14600 | 15900 | 7440 | 11100 | 30200 | 34000 |
| NSWC-BIOF002 | 3/7/96 | | 6210 | 82000 | 557 | 11100 | 10700 | 9190 | 16200 | 4690 | 8540 | 20100 | 24300 |
| NSWC-BIOF003 | 3/7/96 | | 8200 | 61200 | 417 | 15900 | 10800 | 9910 | 13500 | 6960 | 9500 | 27100 | 27000 |
| NSWC-BIOF004 | 3/7/96 | | 4950 | 123000 | 729 | 10400 | 9890 | 10300 | 16700 | 4730 | 9860 | 18300 | 27000 |
| NSWC-BIOF005 | 3/7/96 | | 7430 | 105000 | 602 | 12100 | 8690 | 10900 | 16300 | 5820 | 9050 | 24100 | 29700 |
| NSWC-BIOF006 | 3/7/96 | | 5880 | 89200 | 642 | 11300 | 10300 | 10400 | 16500 | 5100 | 9410 | 20900 | 25800 |
| NSWC-BIOF007 | 3/7/96 | | 11400 | 58300 | 546 | 17700 | 6370 | 15400 | 16400 | 8730 | 10900 | 32000 | 35700 |
| NSWC-BIOF008 | 3/7/96 | | 6130 | 91900 | 648 | 11400 | 11100 | 10400 | 17000 | 6220 | 10500 | 22300 | 29900 |
| NSWC-BIOF009 | 3/7/96 | | 2960 | 83500 | 540 | 9490 | 4860 | 10500 | 13200 | 6030 | 8990 | 17200 | 39700 |
| NSWC-BIOF010 | 3/7/96 | | 5260 | 46700 | 478 | 12400 | 8080 | 7120 | 13700 | 4430 | 7240 | 20900 | 20600 |
| NSWC-BIOF011 | 3/7/96 | | 6870 | 73000 | 542 | 38300 | 9180 | 16000 | 15200 | 45200 | 193000 | 24200 | 38700 |
| NSWC-BIOF012 | 3/7/96 | | 6730 | 54600 | 459 | 17600 | 12600 | 11200 | 14500 | 7940 | 21100 | 23500 | 31300 |
| NSWC-BIOF013 | 3/7/96 | | 2880 | 51600 | 454 | 9360 | 7820 | 8510 | 7380 | 5580 | 10600 | 14200 | 25300 |
| NSWC-BIOF014 | 3/7/96 | | 2580 | 62700 | 623 | 9480 | 12100 | 10400 | 7720 | 6520 | 17900 | 13200 | 36100 |

Notes:

1. Outlined results in **BOLD** indicate a sample level above the Interim Measures Cleanup Level.
2. NR = Not Requested
3. Analytical results are for metals only. No other analytes were present at levels near or above Interim Measures Cleanup Levels Criteria.

4.0 SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

4.1 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

All sample collection activities were performed in accordance with the SAP for Interim Measures Cleanup. Chain of Custody records were maintained for each sample shipment sent to the laboratory for analysis. Samples were collected and preserved per the SAP in order to maintain the sample integrity. Field duplicates and trip blanks were collected and submitted to the laboratory in order to assist in evaluating field and analytical precision, accuracy, representativeness, and comparability. The laboratory performed method blank, sample matrix spike, sample matrix spike duplicate, sample duplicate, surrogate, and standard matrix spike analyses in order to evaluate laboratory accuracy and precision.

4.2 SAMPLE COLLECTION

4.2.1 Characterization

Seven random soil characterization samples were taken for NSWC Crane SWMU 25/07D—two initially (25-07D-001 and 25-07D-002), and five additional after commencing debris removal (25-07D-003 through 25-07D-007). Soil characterization samples were collected using either a stainless steel core sampler lined with a brass sleeve that was hand driven into undisturbed soil, or a stainless trowel. These samples were placed in appropriate containers for sample analysis per the SAP. The characterization samples were marked and placed in a cooler with "blue ice" prior to shipment to maintain sample integrity. All samples were transported using proper chain of custody procedures. Copies of the chain of custody can be found in Volume 2, Appendix D of this report.

4.2.2 Confirmation

After excavation, 11 confirmation samples (25-07D-006 through 25-07D-016) of soil were collected and submitted to CEC Laboratory to be analyzed for Appendix IX requirements per the SAP. The number of samples collected was the cube root of the number of grid intersections, based on a 20 foot grid interval laid out over the excavated area. Eleven confirmation samples (25/07D-006 through 25/07D-016) were collected using a random number generator to determine the grid sample number location. Figure 4-1 shows the actual field location of each sample. Soil confirmation samples were collected using either a stainless steel core sampler lined with a brass sleeve that was hand driven into undisturbed soil, or a stainless trowel. These samples were placed in appropriate containers for sample analysis per the SAP. The confirmation samples were marked and placed in a cooler with "blue ice" prior to shipment to maintain sample integrity. All soil and liquid samples were transported using proper chain of custody procedures. Copies of the chain of custody can be found in Volume 2, Appendix D of this report.

4.3 SAMPLE ANALYSES

Two site characterization samples 25/07D-001 and -002 were analyzed for Appendix IX compounds. Five additional characterization samples (25/07D-003 through 25/07D-007) were collected to determine the method of disposal and were analyzed for RCRA characteristics, in addition to Appendix IX compounds. Analytical parameters and results are provided in Volume 2, Appendix D. Characterization sample 25/07D-001 had low internal standards during the initial volatile analysis, and sample 25/07D-002 had low internal standards during the initial semivolatile analysis. These samples were re-run with similar results, which may indicate a matrix interference. The sample matrix spikes also had low internal standards, and recovery of target analytes was acceptable. Both the original results and the re-run results (indicated by "RE" for sample 001 and "R" for sample 002) have been included. Confirmatory sampling was for

Appendix IX compounds to ensure complete removal of all contaminated material. The analytical methods employed for this SWMU were in accordance with the SAP and followed *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, SW 846, USEPA 1986, (SW 846)* methodologies. The analytical methods used for analyses associated with these interim measures activities are presented in Table 3-1 and in Volume 2, Appendix D. A summary of the sampling activity and results for SWMU-25/07D are included in Tables 3-2 through 3-4.

4.4 DATA QUALITY CONTROL

All soil and liquid samples collected from SWMU-25/07D were transported using proper chain-of-custody procedures. Copies of the chain of custody documents are included in Volume 2, Appendix D of this report.

4.4.1 Field Quality Control

Field quality control samples, which included trip blanks and field duplicate samples, were collected during the confirmation phase of the work at SWMU 25/07D. Results of the field duplicate samples are summarized in Tables 3-3 along with the sample data. Trip blanks and field duplicate analytical results from confirmation sampling events were evaluated to identify potential sources of error introduced during sampling.

Trip blank sample results were evaluated to identify any cross-contamination that may have occurred during storage and shipping of the samples to the analytical laboratory. Trip blanks were received in sealed sample containers from the laboratory and are not opened at the site. No target analytes were detected in the trip blanks for the confirmation samples.

Duplicate samples were collected from sample locations during the confirmation sampling event. Samples 25/07D-006 and 25/07D-007, as well as samples 25/07D-015 and 25/07D-016, were duplicates for the confirmation samples. Arsenic, beryllium, and cobalt were the only target analytes detected above cleanup criteria in these samples. As mentioned previously, these analytes were detected in the confirmation samples and are naturally present in soils of the surrounding area. Precision criteria for duplicate samples with results above the reporting limits differ for different analyses, and these criteria can be found in the QAPP. Field duplicate samples taken in support of the Interim Measure at SWMU 25/07D met this precision criteria for most samples.

Precision for samples 25/07D-006 and 25/07D-007 was acceptable, except for arsenic, chromium, cobalt, lead, nickel, and selenium, which had precision results ranging from 27% Relative Percent Difference (RPD) to 49.5% RPD. Precision criteria for duplicate samples 25/07D-015 and 25/07D-016 was acceptable for all analytes except Endosulfan-1, barium, cobalt, and nickel. Endosulfan-I was detected below the reporting limit at 1.0 ug/kg in 25/07D-015 and was detected at 2.4 ug/kg in sample 25/07D-016. Both of these results were well below the criteria of 2000 ug/kg for this analyte, and data is acceptable for the data quality objectives. Precision criteria were not met for barium, cobalt, and nickel, with RPD's of 46.2%, 41.1%, and 36%, respectively. Matrix interference due to the inherent heterogeneity of soils is commonly observed in soils and could be contributing to the these results.

4.4.2 Laboratory Quality Control

Eighteen soil samples taken for NSWC Crane SWMU 25/07D were analyzed for pesticides/PCB's, metals, organophosphorus pesticides, semi-volatiles, volatile organic compounds, herbicides, and/or dioxins. In addition, characterization samples 003-007 were analyzed for RCRA characteristics. Characterization samples 006 and 007 were re-analyzed by TCLP. The laboratory performed method blank, sample matrix spike, sample matrix spike duplicate, sample duplicate, surrogate, and standard matrix spike analyses in order to evaluate laboratory accuracy and precision. QA objectives for precision, accuracy and

completeness are established in the QAPP. MK reviewed the laboratory data received to determine whether data quality objectives were met for the sampling and analytical programs through the assessment of precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, and completeness.

Precision is a measure of the reproducibility of measurements under a given set of conditions. Laboratory duplicates, matrix spikes, and matrix spike duplicates were used to determine the precision of the analytical process. Accuracy is a measure of the bias in a measurement system and is defined as the closeness of the reported value to the true value. The accuracy of a measurement system was assessed by evaluating the results of quality control samples such as matrix spikes, analytical surrogates and the use of trip blanks. Representativeness in the laboratory is ensured by using the proper analytical procedures, meeting sample holding times, and analyzing and assessing field duplicated samples. Comparability is a qualitative parameter expressing the confidence with which one data set can be compared with another. Analytical data are considered to be comparable when similar sampling and analytical methods are used and documented per the QAPP. Laboratory completeness is a measure of the number of valid measurements obtained from all measurements taken in the project. The laboratory completeness goal established in the QAPP is 90 percent; this goal has been met. MK's evaluation is summarized below. The QA/QC data is presented in Volume 2, Appendix E.

Method blanks were free of target compounds above the reporting limits, except for methylene chloride and acetone, which were present in several method blanks at concentrations both above and below the reporting limit. Corresponding field sample results impacted by these method blanks were qualified accordingly. All VOC surrogate recoveries fell within acceptable ranges to meet the project data quality objectives. The primary columns used for quantitation of pesticide and herbicides showed acceptable surrogate recoveries. For sample 25/07D-006, sampled on November 17, 1995, all surrogates on both columns were uniformly low, which is believed to be attributed to matrix interference. Samples 25/07D-003, -004, and -005 were diluted prior to analysis, due to dark coloration and potential for damage to analytical instruments; consequently, the surrogates were diluted out of these samples. In one SVOC run, the method blank, sample 25/07D-015, and the matrix spike duplicate had low surrogate recoveries. Because the method blank in particular had been affected, all samples from this batch were re-run. Soil sample results replicated well between the two runs, and sample results were reported from the first run.

The sample matrix spikes and matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSD) had acceptable accuracy and precision, with few exceptions. The MS and MSD precision for the SVOC run mentioned above was high for all analytes on the first run. This was due to the low recoveries of all spiked analytes, including the surrogates, for the MSD. When the samples in this batch were rerun, both the MS and the MSD had acceptable recoveries for all spiked analytes. Although precision for pyrene was still high at 56% RPD on the second run, data is considered acceptable for this batch because all recoveries were acceptable.

MS/MSD recoveries for several metals were slightly low, but in all cases the post-digest spike recoveries were acceptable, and affected data was qualified appropriately. Post-digestion spikes were run for metals demonstrating unsatisfactory matrix spike recoveries. The satisfactory recoveries of post-digest spike analytes can imply interference by the required preparation procedure or in the sample matrix itself. Precision and accuracy were acceptable for MS/MSDs performed for all other types of analyses.

The laboratory duplicate samples analyzed had acceptable results, with few exceptions. Chromium, antimony, copper, and lead results were high for one or more metals analyses. As noted earlier, matrix interference due to the inherent heterogeneity of soils is commonly observed in soils and is likely contributing to the these results.

The laboratory control spikes (LCS's) which corresponded to the characterization and confirmation samples had acceptable accuracy and precision for all analyses performed.

Overall, data quality objectives for accuracy, precision, comparability, and completeness were met and the

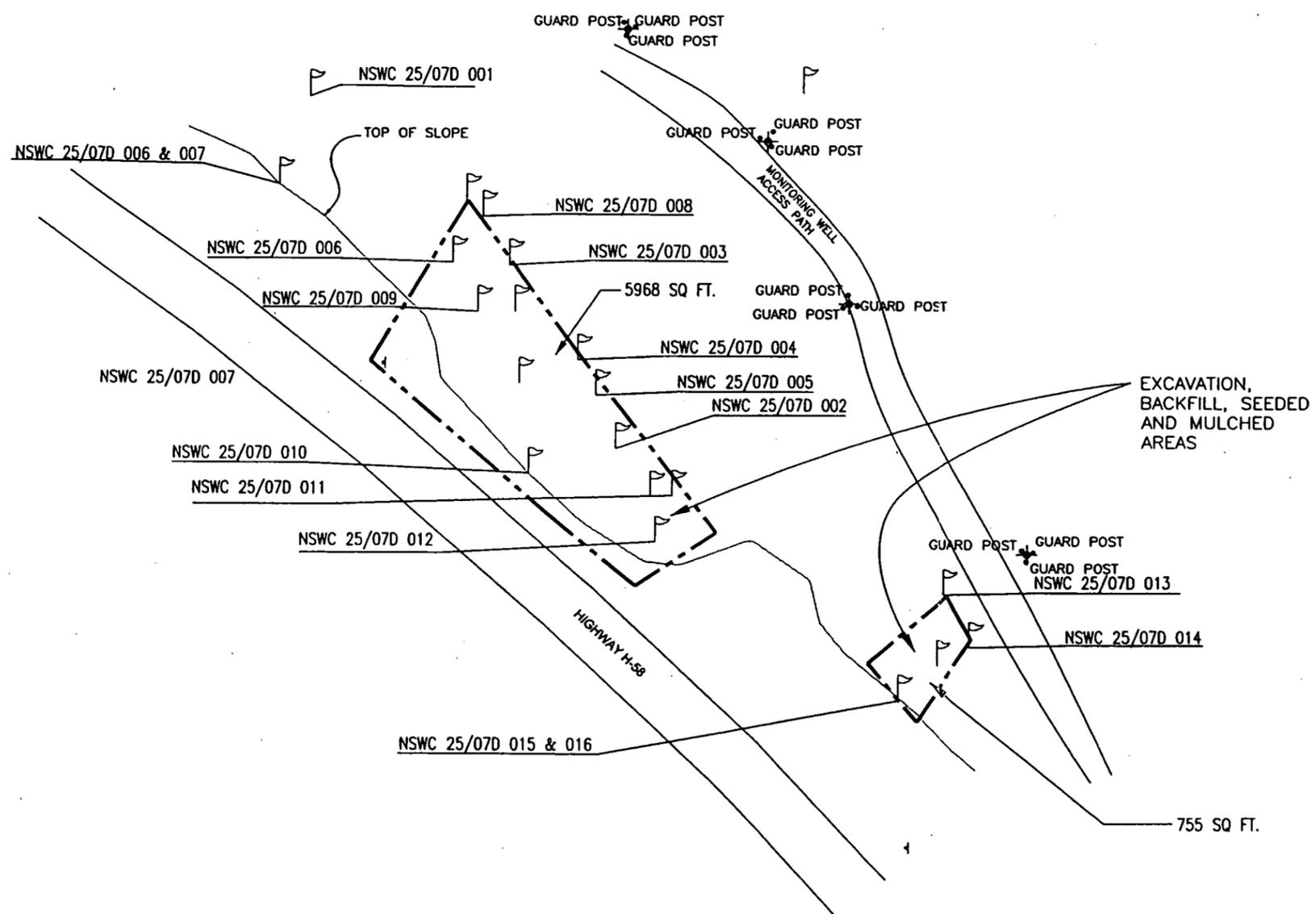
data is considered to be acceptable.

A number of samples, summarized in Table 4-1, had analytes with reporting limits that exceeded the IM cleanup levels specified in Tables 5 and 6 of the Sampling and Analysis Plan. In these instances, the practical quantitation limit has been reported per the USEPA 1994 Guidance Document. The results of these samples did not show the presence of target analytes above the reporting limit.



LEGEND

-  SAMPLE LOCATION
-  GUARD POST
-  MONITORING WELL
-  SIGN



| | | | |
|---|----------|-------------------------|----------|
| 1 | 11/17/99 | ADDED CONSTRUCTION AREA | |
| REV | DATE | | APPROVED |
|  MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES | | | |
| SOURCE: MSE CORPORATION, 1996 | | | |



**HIGHWAY 58
DUMPSITE A
NSWC CRANE
CRANE, INDIANA**

**FIGURE 4-1
SAMPLE LOCATIONS**

DWG DATE: 11/20/96 FILE NAME: DUMPA.DWG

TABLE 4-1
Analytes with reporting limits exceeding the Interim Measures Cleanup Levels

| SAMPLE # | INTERIM | Sample ID | 25/07D-001 | 25/07D-002 | 25/07D-003 | 25/07D-004 | 25/07D-005 | 25/07D-006 | 25/07D-007 | 25/07D-006 | 25/07D-007 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| SAMPLE DATE | MEASURES | Sample Date | 7/28/95 | 7/18/95 | 11/16/95 | 11/16/95 | 11/16/95 | 11/17/95 | 11/17/95 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 |
| TYPE | CLEANUP | Medium | SOIL |
| COMPOUND | LEVEL ug/kg | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | 19 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 840 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | 32000 | | | | | | | | | 62000 | 60000 |
| 2-Hexanone | 50 | | | | | | | 11000 | | | |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 1000 | 980 |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 300 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 750 | |
| 3,3-Dimethylbenzidine | 93 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 550 | |
| 3-Chloropropene | 5 | | | | | | | | | | 18 |
| 4,4'-DDT | 8 | | | | 84* | 40* | 92* | | | | 41* |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether | 660 | | | | | | | | | 910 | 880 |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 660 | | | | | | | | | 730 | 700 |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 190 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 840 | 810 |
| Acenaphthylene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 810 | 790 |
| Acrylonitrile | 260 | | 1600 | 1300 | 1300 | | 1400 | 220000 | 2300 | | |
| alpha-BHC | 2.01 | | 2.6 | | 42* | 20* | 46* | 2.9 | 3.8 | | 12* |
| Aroclor 1016 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1221 | 110 | | | | 1700* | 790* | 1800* | | 150 | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1232 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1242 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1248 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1254 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Aroclor 1260 | 110 | | | | 840* | 400* | 920* | | | | 230* |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 800 | 770 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | | |
| benzo(b)fluoranthene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 930 | 900 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 750 | 730 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 750 | 730 |
| Beryllium | 400 | | | | | | | | 450 | | |
| beta-BHC | 4.02 | | | | 42* | 20* | 46* | | | | 12* |
| bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 660 | | | | | | | | | 810 | 790 |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | 150 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 340 | 330 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 920 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| Chlordane | 660 | | | | 840* | | 920* | | | | |
| Chloroform | 960 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1000 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| delta-BHC | 6.03 | | | | 42* | 20* | 46* | | | | 12* |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | 120 | | | 340 | 420* | 390* | 460* | 570 | 760 | 220 | 210 |
| Dibenzofuran | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 840 | 810 |
| Dieldrin | 53 | | | | 84* | 40* | 92* | | | | |
| Endosulfan Sulfate | 44.2 | | | | 84* | 40* | 92* | | | | |
| Endrin Aldehyde | 15.4 | | | | 84* | 40* | 92* | | | | |
| Ethyl cyanide | 100 | | | | | | | | | 720 | 690 |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | 2.68 | | 5.2 | 4.1 | 84* | 40* | 92* | 5.8 | 7.5 | | 12 |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 530 | | | | | | | | | 930 | 900 |
| Iodomethane | 5 | | 8.1 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6 | 6.9 | 1100 | 11 | 12 | 12* |
| Kepon | 47 | | 52 | | 837* | 397* | 917* | 58 | 7.5 | | |
| n-Nitrosodibutylamine | 160 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 180 | 180 |
| n-Nitrosodiethylamine | 5.7 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 270 | 260 |
| n-Nitrosodimethylamine | 17 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 320 | 300 |
| n-Nitrosomethylethylamine | 39 | | 460 | 340 | | | | | | 290 | 280 |
| Pentachloroethane | 10 | | | | | | | 1100 | 11 | | |
| Phenanthrene | 660 | | | | | | | | 760 | 750 | 730 |
| Silvex | 100 | | | | | | | | 112 | | |
| Toxaphene | 770 | | | | 4200* | 2000* | 4600* | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1000 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 15 | | | | | | | 1100 | | | 18 |

* denotes reporting limits increased due to dilutions

TABLE 4-1
Analytes with reporting limits exceeding the Interim Measures Cleanup Levels

| SAMPLE # | INTERIM MEASURES | Sample ID | 25/07D-008 | 25/07D-009 | 25/07D-010 | 25/07D-011 | 25/07D-012 | 25/07D-013 | 25/07D-014 | 25/07D-015 | 25/07D-016 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| SAMPLE DATE | CLEANUP | Sample Date | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 | 3/12/96 |
| COMPOUND | LEVEL ug/kg | Medium | SOIL |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | 19 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 840 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | 32000 | | 59000 | 60000 | 63000 | 59000 | 62000 | 60000 | 61000 | 60000 | 62000 |
| 2-Hexanone | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 660 | | 980 | 980 | 1000 | 970 | 1000 | 980 | 990 | 990 | 1000 |
| 2-Nitrophenol | 300 | | | | 770 | 720 | 760 | 730 | 730 | 730 | 760 |
| 3,3-Dimethylbenzidine | 93 | | | | 560 | 520 | 550 | 530 | 530 | 530 | 550 |
| 3-Chloropropene | 5 | | 18 | 18 | 19 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| 4,4'-DDT | 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether | 660 | | 880 | 880 | 930 | 870 | 910 | 880 | 890 | 880 | 910 |
| 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether | 660 | | 700 | 700 | 740 | 690 | 730 | 700 | 710 | 710 | 730 |
| 4-Nitrophenol | 190 | | 810 | 810 | 850 | 800 | 840 | 810 | 820 | 810 | 840 |
| Acenaphthylene | 660 | | 790 | 790 | 830 | 770 | 820 | | 790 | 790 | 820 |
| Acrylonitrile | 260 | | | | | | | | | | |
| alpha-BHC | 2.01 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1016 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1221 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1232 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1242 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1248 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1254 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor 1260 | 110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 660 | | | | | 760 | 800 | | 780 | 780 | 800 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 660 | | | | | | | | | | |
| benzo(b)fluoranthene | 660 | | | | | | | | 910 | 910 | 940 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 660 | | | | | 720 | 760 | | 730 | 730 | 760 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 660 | | | | | | | | 730 | 730 | 760 |
| Beryllium | 400 | | | | | | | | | | |
| beta-BHC | 4.02 | | | | | | | | | | |
| bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane | 660 | | 790 | 790 | 830 | 770 | 820 | 790 | 790 | 790 | 820 |
| bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | 150 | | 330 | 330 | 350 | 320 | 340 | 330 | 330 | 330 | 340 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 920 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chlordane | 660 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chloroform | 960 | | | | | | | | | | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| delta-BHC | 6.03 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene | 120 | | 210 | 210 | 220 | 210 | 220 | | 210 | 210 | 220 |
| Dibenzofuran | 660 | | 810 | 810 | 850 | 800 | 840 | 810 | 820 | 810 | 840 |
| Dieldrin | 53 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Endosulfan Sulfate | 44.2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Endrin Aldehyde | 15.4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ethyl cyanide | 100 | | 680 | 690 | 730 | 690 | 720 | 690 | 700 | 690 | 720 |
| gamma-BHC (Lindane) | 2.68 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 530 | | 900 | 900 | | 890 | 940 | | 910 | 910 | 940 |
| Iodomethane | 5 | | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Kepone | 47 | | | | | | | | | | |
| n-Nitrosodibutylamine | 160 | | 180 | 180 | 190 | 170 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 180 | 180 |
| n-Nitrosodiethylamine | 5.7 | | 260 | 260 | 280 | 260 | 270 | 260 | 270 | 260 | 270 |
| n-Nitrosodimethylamine | 17 | | 300 | 300 | 320 | 300 | 320 | 300 | 310 | 310 | 320 |
| n-Nitrosomethylethylamine | 39 | | 280 | 280 | 300 | 280 | 290 | 280 | 280 | 280 | 290 |
| Pentachloroethane | 10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Phenanthrene | 660 | | 730 | | 770 | 720 | 760 | | 730 | 730 | 760 |
| Silvex | 100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Toxaphene | 770 | | | | | | | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene | 15 | | 17 | 18 | 19 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |

* denotes reporting limits increased due to dilutions

5.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Debris was removed from Dump Site A using hand and machine methods. Metal detectors were used to verify that all metallic debris was removed. Metal debris was detected and removed from depths of two feet below ground surface. Approximately 240 tons of debris, including non-friable asbestos material (transite), were removed from SWMU 25/07D. Materials were loaded into trucks using a skid steer loader and transported to the Southside Landfill in Indianapolis, Indiana. Photographs of the site before, during, and after the IM activities are provided in Appendix A.

All analyses were performed following EPA SW846 methodologies. As shown in Table 3-1, characterization samples were analyzed for Appendix IX compounds as well as RCRA/TCLP. Confirmation samples were also analyzed for the Appendix IX list to verify that all contaminants were below cleanup levels. Comparison of Table 3-3 (confirmation sample results) and Table 3-2 (characterization sample results) shows that contaminants were removed to below cleanup levels except for arsenic, beryllium, and cobalt, which appear in levels as high as 22,500 ppb, 580 ppb, and 7,000 ppb, respectively. Samples collected from off-site virgin soil borrow sources confirmed that levels of arsenic, beryllium, and cobalt above the established cleanup levels are naturally present in soils in the surrounding area. Table 3-4 summarizes the background samples BP/BF-001 thru BP/BF-004 collected at the onsite borrow pit and BP/BF-005 and -006 collected off-site. Other SWMU sites found similar heavy metal concentrations of the same metals (MK, 1996). The confirmation sampling results met the required IM cleanup criteria, and the site restoration has been accepted by NSWC Crane personnel.

The Interim Measure project at SWMU #25/07D was terminated. The confirmatory samples showed no contamination levels above the cleanup objectives, and all visible signs of transite and "strange" debris have been removed. Additional debris discovered during this interim measure was left in place since it may have been used as backfill to support the road (Highway 58). It is recommended that SWMU #25/07D revert back to the RFI process beginning with soil borings under the road to determine the need for further remediation.

6.0 REFERENCES

- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995a. *Work Plan for Interim Measures Cleanup at Solid Waste Management Units #23/00, #25/07D, and #26/08D*, Revision B, as amended, dated August 25, 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995b. *Task-Specific Site Safety and Health Plan, Supplement to Work Plan for Solid Waste Management Units #23/00/ #25/07D, and #26/08D*, Revision B, dated August 25, 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995c. *Quality Control Plan for Interim Measures Cleanup, NSWC Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Revision C, August 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995d. *Quality Assurance Project Plan for RCRA Corrective Action Interim Measures Cleanup, NSWC Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Revision C, August 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995e. *Waste Management Plan for Interim Measures Cleanup, NSWC Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Revision C, August 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995f. *Sampling and Analysis Plan for Interim Measures Cleanup, NSWC Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Revision C, August 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1995g. *Environmental Protection Plan Interim Measures Cleanup, NSWC Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Revision C, August 1995.
- Morrison Knudsen Corporation, (MK) 1996. *Interim Measure Report, SWMU 23/00 Battery Shop, Naval Surface Warfare Center Crane, Crane, Indiana*, Draft, September 1996.
- Naval Energy and Environmental Support Activity, (NEESA) 1983. *Initial Assessment Study of Naval Weapons Support Center Crane, Indiana*. NEESA 13-003, May.
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) 1994. *RCRA Corrective Action Guidance Human Data Quality Levels for RFI Projects*. June 18, 1994.

APPENDIX A
PHOTOGRAPHS



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 3
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: Possible access
along the sampling wells north
and bottom of the dump site
hill.



ROLL: 3
FRAME: 7A
DATE: 12 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: Access from
highway H58 that passes by the
above sampling wells.

PHOTO 1a & 1b



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 1
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Example of trash; transite siding.**



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 4
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Example of trash; transite pipe.**

PHOTO 2a & 2b



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 8A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Concrete blocks
various thickness 8' to 10".**



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 9A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Concrete pipe,
cinder blocks, electrical
porcelain insulators, metal pipe
metal sheeting.**

PHOTO 3a & 3b



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 6A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Roofing tar
blocks with smaller pieces
below leaves.**



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 7A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: **Buried metal
cylinders.**

PHOTO 4a & 4b



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 4A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: Concrete pipe
attached to 10' of concrete
header.



ROLL: 1
FRAME: 5A
DATE: 11 MAY 95
PHOTOGRAPHER: J. SMITH
DESCRIPTION: Metal caps with
more covered by dead leaves.

PHOTO 5a & 5b



ROLL: 23
FRAME: 06
DATE: 2/ 5/96
SWMU: 25/07D
BY: B. Kemp
TIME: 10:05
DESCRIPTION:
Looking south, road above into
bank.



ROLL: 23
FRAME: 17
DATE: 2/ 5/96
SWMU: 25/07D
BY: B. Kemp
TIME: 10:10
DESCRIPTION:
Looking down and north from the
road.

PHOTO 6a & 6b



ROLL: 23
FRAME: 09
DATE: 2/ 5/96
SWMU: 25/07D
BY: B. Kemp
TIME: 10:06
DESCRIPTION:
Looking north down at excavation



ROLL: 23
FRAME: 10
DATE: 2/ 5/96
SWMU: 25/07D
BY: B. Kemp
TIME: 10:07
DESCRIPTION:
Looking north down at excavation

PHOTO 7a & 7b



PHOTO 8



PHOTO 9



PHOTO 10

APPENDIX B
CORRESPONDENCE

APPENDIX B

CORRESPONDENCE

- Construction Interface Documents (CIDs) and backup (7 pages)
- Inter-Office Correspondence from John Berggren to the file, concerning Explosive Ordinance Buried at Dump Site "A" (2 pages)
- Letter from Robert Brown of Brown Associates to MK's Contract Administrator Willard McCumbers regarding close-out of their contract (1 page).

CONSTRUCTION INTERFACE DOCUMENTS (CIDS)

NAVY AND EPA CORRESPONDENCE

CONSTRUCTION INTERFACE DOCUMENT



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION

ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION
& ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP

DATE: 1/16/96

MK CID NO: 034-009

COPY

DELIVERY ORDER NO.

4324-0024-031-30

SUBCONTRACT NO.

SC-4324-034

ORIGINATOR PROBLEM NO.

MK-016

SUBCONTRACTOR:

U.S. Tech Group Inc.

TO:

Steve Downey

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

NSWC Crane - SWMU #25/07 D

FROM:

Marvin G. Chidester Jr.

REFERENCE: WORK PLAN/DRAWINGS/SPECIFICATIONS

N/A

SUBJECT:

Excavation and Removal of
Special Waste

ATTACHMENTS: YES NO

Dump Sites "A" & "B" Scope of Additional Remediation

CID-033-001

PROBLEM / DEFICIENCY

CLARIFICATION CHANGE INFORMATION

CID-033-001 was written to Contract SC-4324-033 for pricing of out of scope work. This work was also issued to another contractor for competitive pricing. The successful pricing contractor is working under Contract SC-4324-034. The original CID has to be replaced or superceeded.

ADDITIONAL COSTS

YES NO

SCHEDULE CHANGE

YES NO

PROPOSAL

YES NO

RECOMMENDED SOLUTION

The original CID is attached along with the detailed scope of work. The subcontractor shall price the work described in the scope of work in accordance with the specifications attached. This CID is written to superceed the previously issued CID.

CONSTRUCTION INTERFACE DOCUMENT

COPY

| | |
|---|--|
|  MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION & ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP | DATE: 12/22/95 MK CID NO: 033-001 |
| DELIVERY ORDER NO. 4324-0009-007-30 | SUBCONTRACT NO. SC-4324-033 |
| ORIGINATOR PROBLEM NO. MK-011 | SUBCONTRACTOR: R.J. Brown Associates |
| TO: Steve Downey | PROJECT DESCRIPTION: NSWC Crane - SWMU #25/07 D |
| FROM: Marvin G. Chidester Jr. | REFERENCE: WORK PLAN/DRAWINGS/SPECIFICATIONS N/A |
| SUBJECT: Excavation and Removal of Special Waste | ATTACHMENTS: YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> Dump Sites "A" & "B" Scope of Additional Remediation |

| | |
|---|--|
| PROBLEM / DEFICIENCY | CLARIFICATION <input type="checkbox"/> CHANGE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INFORMATION <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <p>Dump Site "A" has been found to be contaminated with pieces of varying sizes of Transite (asbestos containing material). The contamination levels found do not exceed the TCLP limits.</p> | |

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| ADDITIONAL COSTS YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> | SCHEDULE CHANGE YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> | PROPOSAL YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|---|--|

RECOMMENDED SOLUTION

An area approximately 100' x 20' will require excavation. The contamination extends to depths of approximately 2'. The removed material will be measured by weight. The total weight of the excavated material to be removed and transported to an off-site disposal facility is estimated to be approximately 220 tons. If the sample analysis indicate further contamination, additional excavation may be required prior to backfill. After removal of contaminated material, the resulting hole will be backfilled to the original grade.

CID DISPOSITION REPORT



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION
& ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP

DATE: **12/22/95**

MK CID NO:
033-001

DELIVERY ORDER NO.
4324-0009-007-30

SUBCONTRACT NO.
SC-4324-033

ORIGINATOR PROBLEM NO.
MK-011

SUBCONTRACTOR:
R.J. Brown Associates

DISPOSITION CATEGORIES

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Request for Info/Clarification <input type="checkbox"/> Work Plan Change <input type="checkbox"/> Design Change (Design Eng. Approval req'd) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subcontract Scope Change <input type="checkbox"/> Delivery Order Scope Change | <input type="checkbox"/> No cost/schedule impact <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cost/schedule impact <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cost <u>increase</u> /decrease <input type="checkbox"/> _____ (estimate) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Schedule impact: _____ days <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Engineering estimate attached? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Requisition # _____ |
|---|---|

DETAILED DISPOSITION

Dispositioned by:

Date:

Title:

APPROVALS

How H. Christy 12/22/95
 MK Project Engineer Date

 MK Contract Admin. Mgr. Date

Rob Ebert 12-22-95
 MK Project Manager Date

 MK Program Manager Date
 (over \$5000)

 MK Sr. Project Manager Date
 (over \$5000)

 MK Project Controls Date
 Manager

 MK Quality Control Manager Date
 (Work Plan or Design Changes only)

**PROPOSAL FOR COMPLETION OF ADDITIONAL
REMEDATION WORK AT SWMU's 25/07D & 26/08D
DUMP SITES "A" and "B"**

| ITEM # | ITEM DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNITS | UNIT PRICE | TOTAL |
|--------|--|----------|----------|------------|-------|
| | SWMU #25/07D (Dump Site A) | | | | |
| 1 | Mobilization/Demobilization | 1 | Lump sum | N/A | |
| 2 | Excavation, transportation, disposal and backfill (Special Waste) | 220 | Tons | | |
| | SWMU #26/08D (Dump Site B) | | | | |
| 3 | Mobilization/Demobilization | 1 | Lump sum | N/A | |
| 4 | Excavation, transportation, disposal and backfill (Hazardous Waste) | 450 | Tons | | |
| | TOTAL PRICE | | | | |

SWMU's 25/07D and 26/08D
DUMP SITES "A" & "B"
SCOPE OF ADDITIONAL REMEDIATION

SWMU #25/07D

Dump Site "A" (SWMU #25/07D) is located along the north side of Hwy. 58, west of the Crane Salvage Yard. It has been found to be contaminated with pieces of varying sizes of Transite (asbestos containing material). This material has been determined to be non-friable in its current state. No other contaminants have been found above the TCLP limits. The primary area for removal is approximately 100' X 20' and the contamination extends to depths of approximately 2'. The removed material will be measured by weight. Total weight to be removed and transported to an off-site disposal facility is estimated to be 220 tons. After removal of contaminated material, the resulting hole will be backfilled to the original grade. The backfill material shall be placed in one foot lifts and compacted to 85% relative density. This material will be available from the Crane borrow pit located about five miles from the dump site. There may be a delay of up to two weeks between completion of excavation and approval to backfill to allow for sampling and analysis. If the sample analyses indicate further contamination, additional excavation may be required prior to backfill.

SWMU #26/08D

Dump Site "B" (SWMU #26/08D) is located just North of Hwy. 58, east of the Crane Salvage Yard. It has been found to be contaminated with pieces of varying sizes of Transite (asbestos containing material). This material has been determined to be non-friable in its current state. The soil in this area is also considered to be hazardous due to levels of Barium and Lead reported above TCLP limits (analysis results attached). The primary area for removal is approximately 100' X 20' and the contamination extends to depths of approximately 4'. The removed material will be measured by weight. Total weight to be removed and transported to an off-site disposal facility is estimated to be 440 tons. After removal of contaminated material, the resulting hole will be backfilled to the original grade. The backfill material shall be placed in one foot lifts and compacted to 85% relative density. This material will be available from the Crane borrow pit located about six miles from the dump site. There may be a delay of up to two weeks between completion of excavation and approval to backfill to allow for sampling and analysis. If the sample analyses indicate further contamination, additional excavation may be required prior to backfill.

| | | SWMU 25/07D | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Compound | Sample Date | 16-Nov | 16-Nov | 16-Nov | 17-Nov | 17-Nov | |
| | TCLP Regulatory Level (Mg/L) | 003 | 004 | 005 | 006 | 007 | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene / 1,1-Dichloroethylene | .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 0.5 | LT 0.5 | LT 0.5 | LT 0.5 | LT 0.5 | LT 0.5 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 7.5 | LT 7.5 | LT 7.5 | LT 7.5 | LT 7.5 | LT 7.5 | |
| 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | 400 | LT 400 | LT 400 | LT 400 | LT 400 | LT 400 | |
| 245TP / Silvex / 2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)propion | 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | |
| 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid / 2,4-D | 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | |
| Silver | 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | |
| Arsenic | 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | 6** | LT 5 | |
| Barium | 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | |
| Chloroethene / Vinyl chloride | .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | |
| Benzene | .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | |
| Cadmium | 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | |
| Chloroform | 6 | LT 6 | LT 6 | LT 6 | LT 6 | LT 6 | |
| Hexachlorobenzene | .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | LT .13 | |
| Hexachloroethane | 3 | LT 3 | LT 3 | LT 3 | LT 3 | LT 3 | |
| Chlorobenzene / Monochlorobenzene | 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | |
| Chlordane | .03 | LT .03** | LT .03 | LT .03 | LT .03 | LT .03 | |
| Chromium | 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | |
| *CRESOLS | 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | |
| Endrin | .02 | LT .02 | LT .02 | LT .02 | LT .02 | LT .02 | |
| FLASH POINT | | GT 203 | GT 203 | GT 203 | GT 203 | GT 203 | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene / Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | |
| Mercury | .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | LT .2 | |
| Heptachlor | .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | |
| Heptachlor epoxide | .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | LT .008 | |
| Lindane / gamma-Benzenhexachloride | .4 | LT .4 | LT .4 | LT .4 | LT .4 | LT .4 | |
| 2-Butanone / Methyl ethyl ketone | 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | LT 200 | |
| Methoxychlor / Methoxy-DDT | 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | LT 10 | |
| Nitrobenzene | 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | LT 2 | |
| Lead | 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | |
| Pentachlorophenol | 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | LT 100 | |
| *PH | | 7.6 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 7.2 | 7.7 | |
| Pyridine | 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | LT 5 | |
| Selenium | 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | LT 1 | |
| Tetrachloroethylene / Ankilostin / Ethylene tetrac | .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | LT .7 | |
| Trichloroethylene / Algylen / Chlorlyen / Gemalgen | .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | |
| Toxaphene / Alltox / Chlorinated camphene / Camphe | .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | LT .5 | |

* Maximum TCLP sample analytical results are calculated from total analyses.

** Arsenic TCLP leach results will likely be below 5 Mg/L if leach is performed.

*** Sample did not have a hit, however, reporting limits above limit.

CONSTRUCTION INTERFACE DOCUMENT

COPY

| | |
|---|--|
|  MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION & ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP | DATE: 2/2/96 MK CID NO: 034-011 |
| DELIVERY ORDER NO. 4324-0009-007-30 | SUBCONTRACT NO. SC-4324-034 |
| ORIGINATOR PROBLEM NO. MK-018 | SUBCONTRACTOR: U.S. Tech Group, Inc. |
| TO: Steve Downey | PROJECT DESCRIPTION: NSWC Crane - SWMU #25/07 D |
| FROM: Marvin G. Chidester Jr. | REFERENCE: WORK PLAN/DRAWINGS/SPECIFICATIONS N/A |
| SUBJECT: Excavation and Removal of Additional Special Waste | ATTACHMENTS: YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> Dump Sites "A" Scope of Additional Remediation |

PROBLEM / DEFICIENCY CLARIFICATION CHANGE INFORMATION
 The amount of contaminated material will exceed the defined scope of work approved previously. The amount of material which will exceed the scope of work is estimated to be approximately 850 tons. This will bring the total amount of soil requiring removal to approximately 1070 tons.

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| ADDITIONAL COSTS YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> | SCHEDULE CHANGE YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> | PROPOSAL YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--|---|--|

RECOMMENDED SOLUTION
 An area approximately 100' x 15' will require excavation. The contamination extends to depths of approximately 10'. The removed material will be measured by weight. The total weight of the excavated material to be removed and transported to an off-site disposal facility is estimated to be approximately 850 tons. If the sample analysis indicate further contamination, additional excavation may be required prior to backfill. After removal of contaminated material, the resulting hole will be backfilled to the original grade.

10.024.4000061.F

13.050.055.F

15.350.03.F

OTHER CORRESPONDENCE



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION & ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

DATE: June 5, 1995

TO: File FROM: John Berggren *JB*

LOCATION: 4324-0009 LOCATION: 4324-0009; Crane, IN

SUBJECT: EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE BURIED AT DUMP SITE "A"

The attached sketch was received from Tom Brent, Site Representative NSWC-Crane, today at approximately 1:00PM. The sketch shows the configuration of disposed ordnance buried at Dump Site "A" (SWMU #25) along Highway H-58. The number of pallets is unknown. A detail not shown of the 7.2 P.C. Rocket Heads is that the "rockets" are without "tails." The tails were removed before buried.

File: 11.011.F
10.304.F
18.001.F

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|-----------------|-----------|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | INT |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | ✓ | <i>JB</i> |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | <i>JB</i> |
| GNL SUPT | | <i>HAS COPY</i> | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | <i>HAS COPY</i> | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | <i>HAS COPY</i> | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | <i>MC</i> |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| PMO-CHARLESTON | | X | <i>GO</i> |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |

Dump SITE "A" ; H-5B

ROUTINE ORDNANCE DETONATION (ROD) ADVISORY PROCEDURE SHEET (RODAPS) SKETCH AND OR PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLE LAYOUT WITH AEDA SHOWN

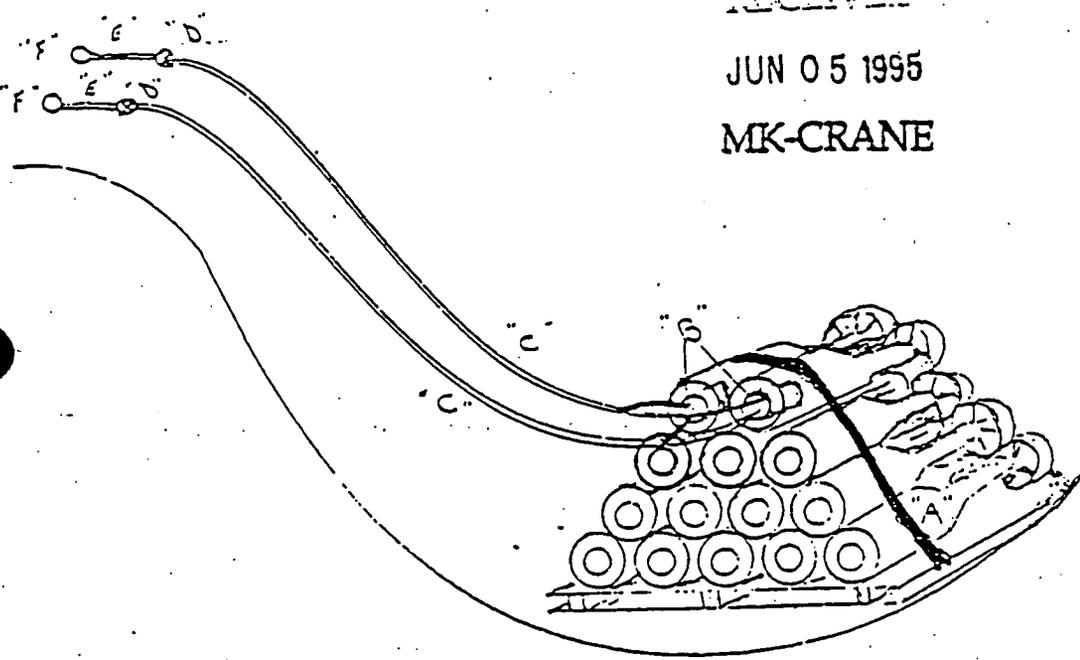
DET / PRIMACORD TYPE Plastic, Type I, Class E NO. FEET REQ'D. Variable

INITIATING EXPLOSIVES (TYPE) Composition C-4 or equivalent

FUZING USED (TYPE) Time Fuse Plastic Type 3, Class 2 60 sec.; Non-Electric Blasting Caps,

Fuse Igniter M2/M60

NET EXPLOSIVE WEIGHT PER SHOT (TOTAL) 426 POUNDS



| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|------|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | INIT |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | |
| GNL SUPT | | | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | |
| QAVCC SUPERVISOR | | | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| PMO-CHARLESTON | | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |

- A - 7.2 P.C. Rocket Head with tails, 14 heads pyramid stacked and banded to pallet
- B - Initiating Explosive - Composition C-4 or equivalent.
- C - Detonating cord firing system, dual primed
- D - Blasting caps, non-electric
- E - Blasting Time Fuse
- F - Fuse Igniter, M2/M60

NOTE: Place approximately 1-3 lbs. of C-4 into top 2 rocket heads. Place det cord into each end of C-4 and pack into the cavity using a wooden dowel rod or equivalent. Cover rocket heads with approximately 6-10 feet of dirt prior to installing blasting caps.

BROWN ASSOCIATES

OILS-LUBRICANTS-CHEMICALS
SALES-RECLAMATION-DISPOSAL

R.J. BROWN ASSOCIATES, INC.
1946 N. 13th ST.-SUITE 437
TOLEDO, OHIO 43624
OFFICE: (419) 244-0010
FAX: (419) 244-0515

RECEIVED

JAN 26 1996

MK-CRANE

January 23, 1996

Morrison Knudsen Corporation
Attn: Willard D. McCumbers
2420 Mall Drive
North Charleston, SC 29406

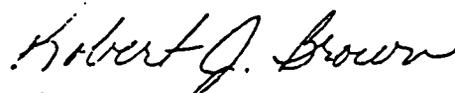
Reference: Subcontract No., 4324-033
Completion of project at SWMU's #23/00, #25/07D, and 26/08D
NSWC Crane, IN

As a result of the changed conditions at the project sites in Crane, it is our opinion that it would be cost effective to all parties involved to close out the project as complete. There is retainage on the contract primarily for demobilization that needs your consideration.

Any additional work would be handled through a separate line item under the new contract. We acknowledge that closing out this contract is beneficial to us and feel it makes good sense to Morrison Knudsen and the Navy. We trust this action in no way reflects negatively with Morrison Knudsen or the government.

If this is agreeable, we would prefer to complete the minimal remaining requirements of the project. Please advise.

Sincerely,



Robert J. Brown,
President

RJB/sdc

cc: Steve Downey/MK Crane

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|-----|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | EST |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | |
| GNL SUPT | | | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| PMO-CHARLESTON | | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |

APPENDIX C

APPROVALS, PERMITS AND REGULATORY INFORMATION

APPENDIX C

APPROVALS, PERMITS AND REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Work Plan Approval/Sign-Off page for Solid Waste Management Units #23/00, #25/07D, and #26/08D, Dated: August 25, 1995, Revision B (1 page) -
- Letter from Brent Robertson to MK, Dated: 30May95, Contract N62467-93-D-1106, Environmental RAC Contract 4324-0009 NSWC-CRANE, Discussing EOD Clearance for the Remedial site (3 pages)
- Letter from MK Project Manager Steven Downey to Jerry Langlois at Jacobs Engineering Tech, Inc., Final Inspection and acceptance Reports D.O. #0009, S.O.W. #007 (4 pages)

NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
CRANE WORK PLAN

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS
#23/00, #25/07D, AND #26/08D

NSWC CRANE
CRANE, INDIANA

August 25, 1995
Revision B

CONTRACT N62467-93-D-1106
DELIVERY ORDER #0009
STATEMENT OF WORK #0007

Prepared by:

MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
2420 MALL DRIVE
CORPORATE SQUARE 1 - SUITE 211
NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA 92406

APPROVALS:

William Piespanen
MK Safety and Health Program Manager

26-Sep-95
Date

[Signature]
MK Quality Program Manager

26-Sep-95
Date

[Signature]
MK Sr. Project-Manager

26 Sep 95
Date

[Signature]
MK Program Manager

26 Sept 95
Date

ACCEPTANCE

[Signature]
U.S. Navy Responsible Authority

27 Sept 95
Date



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICER IN CHARGE OF
NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND
CONTRACTS



CRANE DIVISION, NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
BUILDING 2516
CRANE, INDIANA 47522-5082

4330
OICC
30 May 95

RECEIVED

MAY 31 1995

MK-CRANE

Morrison Knudsen Corp.
CTR 12
NSWC Crane In
Crane, IN 47522

Subj: Contract N62467-93-D-1106, ENVIRONMENTAL RAC CONTRACT
4324-0009 NSWC-CRANE

Encl: NSWC Memo code 067 dtd. 22 May 95.

Gentlemen:

Enclosed is the EOD clearance for the remedial sites as requested. Should you have any questions, please call me at 812-854-3318.

Sincerely,

Brent Robertson
Navy Technical Representative

cc: Caryl Hickel; SDIV Code 0514 w/o encl.
Jimmy Jones; SDIV Code 18011 w/o encl.
Adrienne Wilson; SDIV Code 1864 w/o encl.
File

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|----------|------|------|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | INIT |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | JAM |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | B |
| GNL SUPT | | X | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | X | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | X | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| PMO-CHARLESTON | | X | |
| FILE: | 11.011.F | | |
| FILE: | | | |
| FILE: | | | |

10.302.F
10.304.F
10.305.F
10.306.F
10.307.F



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

CRANE DIVISION
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
300 HIGHWAY 361
CRANE, INDIANA 47522-5000

IN REPLY REFER TO:

8020
067
22 May 95

MEMORANDUM

From: Explosives Safety Officer
To: Officer in Charge of NAVFAC Contracts

Subj: CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT N62467-93-C-1106, ENVIRONMENTAL
RESPONSE ACTION CONTRACT

Ref: (a) OIC for NAVFAC Contracts memo OIC 4330 of 12 May 95

1. In response to reference (a), the following information is provided regarding the known history of the sites making up the various work areas:

a. Lithium Battery Burial Site - This area has no history of ordnance dumping being only a designated land fill for inert materials.

b. PCB Capacitor Burial Site - This dump site is fairly new and no historical information exists to suggest it being used for any dumping except inert materials.

c. Battery Shop - The area and the type of work conducted in the area suggests no involvement with explosive ordnance.

d. Highway 58 Dump site A - The location of this site to ordnance functions may make the presence of "ordnance looking" material possible. In reviewing the way materials were disposed of through the years, there is no strong evidence to suggest live ordnance was "dumped" as opposed to being processed through the Detonation Range. This is so because the Detonation Range has been a viable alternative for the destruction of ordnance materials since 1946. There has been inert (concrete filled) hardware dumped at various sites throughout the years because no other alternative was available. Such hardware as 12.75" warheads (Hedgehog) were found dumped near some of the buildings and used as filler to prevent land erosion. These items caused quite a stir when first uncovered until a check was made as to their make-up and purpose.

e. Highway 58 Dump site B - Same comment as for Dump site A.

f. Dye Burial Ground - Though not much is known about this burial plot, the only evidence that exists illustrates that bulk dye was dumped in open trenches and that hardware (especially containing explosives) was not a factor.

Subj: CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT N62467-93-C-1106, ENVIRONMENTAL
RESPONSE ACTION CONTRACT

g. Bioremediation Facility Area - This area was identified because of the land configuration (flat with minimal explosives safety quantity distance controls) and no record exists in this office regarding its use as a dumping ground.

h. Cast High Explosives/Incinerator Building - As a cast high explosives area, the probability of uncovering unexploded ordnance is minimal. As the Incinerator Building, there is a probability that ordnance parts (fuze bodies, small caliber projectiles etc..) can be found in the area surrounding the Building 146 facility.

i. Sludge Drying Beds A & B - There is no risk of unexploded ordnance or ordnance looking hardware being in these two beds.

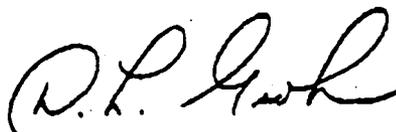
j. Rockeye - There is no reason to believe unexploded ordnance exists in this area.

k. Ammunition Burning Ground - There is evidence that ordnance looking hardware could be found in this area. Of all the excavation that has been conducted for the purpose of cleaning up ash pits and so on, there has been minimal active explosive material found.

l. Mine Fill A - There is no evidence to suggest that unexploded ordnance was ever dumped in this area.

m. Mine Fill B - Same comment as for Mine Fill B.

2. Point of contact is Dale Groh, Code 067, Building 12, Extension 3601.



D. L. GROH



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION
& ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP

P.O. BOX 408
CRANE VILLAGE, IN 47522
PHONE: (812) 854-6941
FAX: (812)854-6944

31 Jul 96

4324-0009-169

Jerry Langlois
Jacobs Engineering Tech, Inc.
4949 Essen Lane
Baton Rouge, LA 70898

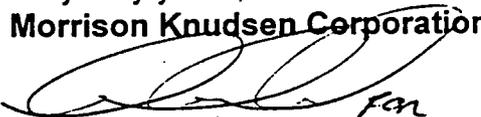
Subject: Final Inspection and Acceptance Reports
D.O. #0009, S.O.W. #007
Contract No. N62467-93-0-1106

Dear Jerry:

For your records and information, enclosed are Final Inspection and Acceptance Reports for SWMUs #16/16, #24/00, and #25/07.

These reports are provided for your use in completing the Interim Measures Report for these SWMUs.

Very truly yours,
Morrison Knudsen Corporation


Steven T. Downey

STD:jlw

File: 12.082.09.F
12.082.05.F
13.050.07.F



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
ENVIRONMENTAL AND GOVERNMENT DIVISION

RECEIVED
JUL 12 1996
MK-CRANF

SWMU ACCEPTANCE AND TURNOVER

DATE: July 12, 1996
TO: Steven Downey, Proj. Mgr. FROM: W.M. Kemp Jr., QCS
LOCATION: NSWC LOCATION: NSWC
SUBJECT: Final inspection and acceptance by the ROICC

The final inspection for the Solid Waste Management Unit Interim Measures Cleanup for the physical work completed at SWMU-16/00 was conducted on 7-11-96. The completed physical work was accepted by the ROICC on 7-11-96 establishing the beneficial date.

MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION

Signature [Signature] Date 7-11-96
Signature [Signature] Date 7-12-96
Signature _____ Date _____

ROICC
Signature [Signature] Date 7/11/96
Signature [Signature] Date 7/12/96

The completion and acceptance of the Interim Measures Report will complete this closure at a later date.

cc: Greg Jones PMO
Brent Robertson ROICC
File

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|-----|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | INT |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | 270 |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | |
| GNL SUPT | | | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD OPERATIONS | | | |
| PROJ. COMPLETION | | X | |
| Jacobs | X | | |
| FILE: 11.096.F | | | |
| FILE: 12.082.09.F | | | |
| FILE: 18.900.01.F | | | |
| 12.050.07.F | | | |



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
ENVIRONMENTAL AND GOVERNMENT DIVISION

RECEIVED

JUL 12 1996

SWMU ACCEPTANCE AND TURNOVER

MK-CRANE

DATE: July 12, 19967

TO: Steven Downey, Proj. Mgr.

FROM: W.M. Kemp Jr., QCS

LOCATION: NSWC

LOCATION: NSWC

SUBJECT: Final inspection and acceptance by the ROICC

The final inspection for the Solid Waste Management Unit Interim Measures Cleanup for the physical work completed at SWMU-24/00 was conducted on 7-11-96. The completed physical work was accepted by the ROICC on 7-11-96 establishing the beneficial date.

MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION

Signature W.M. Kemp Jr. Date 7-11-96
Signature Robert Downey Date 7-12-96
Signature _____ Date _____

ROICC

Signature T. Jones Date 7/11/96
Signature B. Robertson Date 7/12/96

The completion and acceptance of the Interim Measures Report will complete this closure at a later date.

cc: Greg Jones PMO
Brent Robertson ROICC
File

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|-----|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | EST |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | |
| GNL SUPT | | | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| P.M.O-CHARLESTON | | | |
| Jacobs | X | X | |
| FILE: 11-096-5 | | | |
| FILE: 12-092-09 | | | |
| FILE: 13-900-015 | | | |
| 13-050-075 | | | |



MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION
 ENVIRONMENTAL AND GOVERNMENT DIVISION

RECEIVED
 JUL 12 1996
 MK-CRANP

SWMU ACCEPTANCE AND TURNOVER

DATE: July 12, 1996

TO: Steven Downey, Proj. Mgr.

FROM: W.M. Kemp Jr., QCS

LOCATION: NSWC

LOCATION: NSWC

SUBJECT: Final inspection and acceptance by the ROICC

The final inspection for the Solid Waste Management Unit Interim Measures Cleanup for the physical work completed at SWMU-25/00⁸¹² was conducted on 7-11-96. The completed physical work was accepted by the ROICC on 7-11-96 establishing the beneficial date.

MORRISON KNUDSEN CORPORATION

Signature W.M. Kemp Jr. Date 7-11-96
 Signature [Signature] Date 7-12-96
 Signature _____ Date _____

ROICC

Signature [Signature] Date 7/11/96
 Signature [Signature] Date 7/12/96

The completion and acceptance of the Interim Measures Report will complete this closure at a later date.

cc: Greg Jones PMO
 Brent Robertson ROICC
 File

| NSWC - CRANE | | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|-----|
| 4324-0009 | | | |
| PROJECT MEMBER | ACT | INFO | INT |
| PROJECT MANAGER | | | |
| PROJECT ENGINEER | | | |
| GNL SUPT | | | |
| SAFETY AND HEALTH | | | |
| QA/QC SUPERVISOR | | | |
| PROJECT CONTROLS | | | |
| FIELD ENGINEERING | | | |
| PMO-CHARLESTON | | X | |
| Jacobs | X | | |
| FILE: 11.0916.5 | | | |
| FILE: 12.0820.5 | | | |
| FILE: 13.000.01.5 | | | |

13.050.07.5