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ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL RE-INSPECTION BUILDING 34 VOLUME 6 CNC
CHARLESTON SC
2/15/2000
BAT ASSOCIATES, INC.

Volume 6

**Asbestos-Containing Material Re-inspection
For Building 34
Charleston Naval Shipyard
Charleston, South Carolina**

Contract No. N2467-96-D-0998
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Prepared for:

Department of the Navy
Southern Division
NAVFACENGCOM
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However, one "positive" asbestos-containing analysis result would classify that material as being an asbestos-containing material.

3. No Quality Control discrepancies were noted.

BAT recommends the following management actions for the identified ACM in Building 34 in Table 2.0.

**Table 2.0
 Recommended Response Actions**

HA No.	Material Description	Recommended Response Action
1	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
2	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" red w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
4	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
5	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
6	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
7	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
8	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
9	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
12	Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
20	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
21	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam	Remove prior to renovation or demolition
22	Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap	Remove prior to renovation or demolition

Other suspect ACM not identified could be present in areas of the building inaccessible to the asbestos building inspectors. For example, materials could exist in walls and other locations where access could only be gained by demolition of the building. Also, other materials currently not recognized by the asbestos building inspection industry could exist.

The total estimated cost for the removal of the identified and/or assumed ACM in Building 34 is approximately \$157,000. See Section 10.0 for a break down of the preliminary cost estimate for the removal of the identified or assumed ACM.

2.0 BUILDING INSPECTION INFORMATION FORM

Building Name: Barracks
Building Number: 34
Facility: Charleston Naval Shipyard
Building Area (square footage): 35,880
Year Built: 1959
Building Type: Living Quarters
No. of Floors in Building: Three
Purpose of ACM Survey: Re-Inspection
Facility Unit Identification Code (UIC): N/A

Building Contact: Mr. Matthew Humphrey
Contact's Telephone No.: (843) 743-9985
Building Survey Date(s): November 22, 1999 and January 28, 2000

Asbestos Inspector's Name: Mr. Jason McGlashan and Mr. Foshie Bell
Asbestos Inspector's Accreditation No: GA2900
Inspection Company: BAT Associates, Inc.
Company Telephone No. (770) 242-3908

3.0 INTRODUCTION

BAT Associates, Inc. (BAT) was retained by the U.S. Department of the Navy, Southern Division (SouthDiv), Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFACENGCOM) to perform an asbestos-containing material (ACM) re-inspection of all buildings located at the Charleston Naval Shipyard in Charleston, South Carolina. The purpose of this re-inspection was to:

1. Perform a comprehensive ACM re-inspection of 34 buildings in accordance with Federal and U.S. Navy requirements;
2. Assess the condition of previously identified friable and non-friable ACM; and
3. Provide a preliminary cost estimate for the removal of identified ACM.

The re-inspection was performed in accordance with the Navy's Asbestos Facility Inventory/Assessment Protocol (NEESA 70.2-010) and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) and the Asbestos School Hazard Abatement Reauthorization Act (ASHARA).

The results of the re-inspection survey are presented in 24 separate volume reports. This report describes the results for Building 34.

This re-inspection survey was performed by Mr. Jason McGlashan and Mr. Foshie Bell, under the direct supervision of Mr. Douglas J. Milton, CIH, on November 22, 1999 and January 28, 2000. Mr. McGlashan is an accredited building inspector. Mr. Bell is an accredited asbestos building inspector and management planner. Mr. Milton, a Certified Industrial Hygienist, is an accredited asbestos inspector, management planner, and project designer.

This report discusses the sampling methodology used during the re-inspection and assessment (Section 4.0); a list of all identified suspect materials (Section 5.0); a summary of the bulk sample analysis results (Section 6.0); results of quality control sampling; (Section 7.0); physical assessments of the identified ACM (Section 8.0); a hazard assessment of the identified ACM (Section 9.0); preliminary cost estimates for removal (Section 10.0); and conclusions (Section 11.0). Appendix A contains drawings identifying the location of collected bulk samples and the locations of identified ACM. Appendix B contains photographic documentation of identified ACM. Appendix C contains personnel and laboratory accreditations. Appendix D contains laboratory analysis results.

The assessment protocol for ACM involved three distinct steps:

1. Performed preliminary walk-through of the building to identify suspect ACM and to determine the amount of suspect ACM, to define the number of samples to be collected, to identify access problems (e.g., collection of samples in a limited access pipe chase below the building), and to determine the degree of personal protection necessary for the bulk sample collection.

2. Visually inspected the building for ACM to identify the location of the suspect ACM and to determine if the material was friable or non-friable. Suspect materials were then categorized according to the EPA National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for asbestos as: Category I non-friable materials, Category II non-friable materials, and Regulated (friable) Asbestos-Containing Materials (RACM).
3. Collected bulk samples for the analysis for asbestos content (see Section 4.0, *Sampling Methodology*, for details).

4.0 SAMPLE METHODOLOGY

Representative, randomly selected bulk samples were collected in accordance with the Navy's and AHERA sampling protocol, as described in 40 CFR 343.34, and in accordance with BAT's contract requirements. Bulk samples were collected from homogenous areas (materials) in a manner that minimized any release of airborne asbestos fibers. A homogeneous area (material) is defined as a material uniform in size, color and texture.

The minimum number of samples collected from each homogeneous area was as follows:

1. *Friable Spray-Applied or Trowel-Applied Material* (including plaster)
 - a. Less than or equal to 1,000 Square Feet (S.F.) = 3 samples
 - b. Greater than 1,000 S.F and less than or equal to 5,000 S.F. = 5 samples
 - c. Greater than 5,000 = 7 samples

2. *Pipe and Duct Insulation*

- a. Three samples per homogeneous area of insulation.

3. *Elbows, Valves, Fittings, and Connection Mud*

Three representative samples from each type of insulated elbow, valve, fitting, and connection mud.

4. *Boiler, Tanks, and Furnaces*

A minimum of 3 samples per unit.

5. *Patchwork*

Patchwork is defined as a patch or repair to existing material based on the following quantities:

- a. Surfacing material patches are limited to a maximum of 6 S.F.
- b. Pipe and duct insulation patches are limited to a maximum of 6 Linear Feet (L.F.) or 6 S.F.
- c. Boiler, tank, and furnace patches are limited to 6 S.F.

If the patchwork exceeded the limits prescribed above, it was sampled according to the homogeneous area protocol in items 1 to 4 above. If a material qualifies as patchwork, a single sample was collected per patch.

6. *Ceiling or Acoustical Tile*

3 samples

7. *Miscellaneous Friable Material*

3 samples

8. *Non-Friable Material*

Non-friable materials for purpose of this survey included Transite-type panels, floor tiles, floor tile mastic, and other miscellaneous materials.

Minimum of 3 samples.

The procedures followed for collection of each bulk sample is outlined briefly below:

1. The accredited inspector collecting the sample was equipped with the appropriate personal protective equipment. This included a half-mask air-purifying respirator, protective gloves and protective eyewear.
2. The surface of the material being sampled was wetted with amended water (containing a surfactant to aid penetration) mist to lessen the risk of fiber release during sampling.
3. Each sample was extracted using the appropriate equipment, (e.g., a sample container, knife, core borer). Care was taken to insure that all layers of the suspect materials, down to the substrate, were included in the sample.
4. Each sample was placed in an individual container, which was then sealed and labeled with a unique identification number which was also recorded on the sample data log-in sheet.

5. After each sample was collected, the area immediately surrounding the sampling location was inspected for debris and wet-cleaned as necessary to lessen the risk of an airborne fiber release.
6. All necessary data were recorded on the BAT Suspect Material Inventory Form including sample number, sample location, type of suspect material, name of inspector collecting the sample and other relevant information.
7. Samples were then transported to Cape Environmental Management Inc. (CAPE) Asbestos Laboratories in Atlanta, Georgia, for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis. The CAPE Asbestos Laboratory participates in the National Voluntary Laboratory Assurance Program (NVLAP) for the analysis of asbestos content in suspect materials. CAPE's NVLAP Laboratory Code is 102111-0.
8. BAT collected duplicate samples during the collection of primary bulk sampling for quality control (QC) purposes. QC samples were collected at ten percent of the bulk sample locations. They were assigned unrelated sample identification numbers and analyzed by Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. (AES). AES participates in the National Voluntary Laboratory Assurance Program (NVLAP) for the analysis of asbestos content in suspect materials. AES's NVLAP Laboratory Code is 102033-0.
9. Upon receipt by the laboratory, the samples were logged in and assigned a unique laboratory identification number. The laboratory analyzed the samples in accordance with 40 CFR 343.87 subpart F. Copies of the laboratory accreditations for both laboratories may be found in Appendix C.

5.0 ASBESTOS INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT

Table 3.0 describes the suspect ACM identified in and around Building 34.

Table 3.0
Summary of Identified Suspect ACM

HA No.	Description of Suspect ACM	Location of Suspect ACM	AHERA Category of Material
1	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic	Throughout the building, under HA # 3, 8, 9, and 10	Misc.
2	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" red w/ black mastic	First floor, stairwell # 1	Misc.
3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic	First floor, rooms and corridors; second floor, scrub room and one west wing room; third floor, rooms and corridors (over HA # 1)	Misc.
4	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic	First floor, corridor; second floor, scrub room and one west wing room	Misc.
5	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic	First floor, two east wing rooms	Misc.
6	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic	Second floor, corridor	Misc.
7	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic	First floor, bag room; third floor, corridor	Misc.
8	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic	First floor, room east of scrub room (over HA # 1)	Misc.
9	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic	Second floor, rooms and corridors (over HA # 1)	Misc.
10	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" beige with brown streaks w/ black mastic	Second and third floors, janitor closet	N/A
11	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white w/ black mastic	First floor, day room	N/A
12	Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern	First floor, office	Misc.
13	Drywall, on walls	Throughout the building	N/A
14	Joint Sealer Compound, on drywall	Throughout the building	N/A
15	Mastic on Sink, black	Second floor, writing room	N/A
16	Spray-Applied Ceiling Finish	First floor, office	N/A
17	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 4' white suspended groove and pinhole (new)	Third floor, writing room	N/A
18	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 2' white suspended groove and pinhole (old)	All floor corridors	N/A
19	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 2' white suspended groove and pinhole (new)	All floor corridors	N/A
20	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water	All floors, in walls behind all water fixtures	TSI
21	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam	Piping to all wall mounted radiators	TSI

HA No.	Description of Suspect ACM	Location of Suspect ACM	AHERA Category of Material
22	Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap	In crawl space and between buildings 34 and 35	TSI
23	Window Glazing, interior	On all interior windows	N/A
24	Tank Insulation	In exterior mechanical room	N/A
25	Roof, built-up	Roof	N/A

Notes: Misc. = Miscellaneous Material N/A = Not Applicable

6.0 SUMMARY OF SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS

Table 4.0 contains a summary of the bulk sample analysis results for suspect ACM identified in this building. Sample identification numbers do not necessarily match the building number since barracks 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36 are of similar construction, have the same square footage, and the same construction date and were inspected as one unit.

All thermal system insulation (TSI), if present, was classified as friable material. As long as the outer covering remains intact and is in good condition the TSI can be considered non-friable (29 CFR 343.85). Ceiling tile, if asbestos is present was considered a friable material. However, if non-friable materials are drilled, sawed, ground or otherwise physically or mechanically disturbed, they may release asbestos fibers to the environment and therefore would be considered a friable material.

According to AHERA protocol, all samples within a homogeneous area must have an asbestos content of one percent or less by weight using Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis before the material can be categorized as non-asbestos-containing. If one sample is determined as asbestos-containing using PLM analysis, the entire homogeneous area must be classified asbestos-containing.

Table 4.0
Summary of Sample Analysis Results

HA No.	Sample ID No.	Suspect Material Description	Asbestos Content	Friability
1	31-5-1	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic	Tile = 7% chrysotile, Mastic = 2% chrysotile	Non
2	32-6-1, 32-6-2, 32-6-3	Floor Tile, 9" x 9" red w/ black mastic	Tile = NAD, Mastic = 3% chrysotile	Non
3	34-3-1, 34-3-2	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic	Tile = 5% chrysotile, Mastic = 5% chrysotile	Non
4	34-4-1	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic	Tile = 2% chrysotile, Mastic = 10% chrysotile	Non
5	34-5-1	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic	Tile = 2% chrysotile, Mastic = 10% chrysotile	Non
6	34-6-1, 34-6-2, 34-6-3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic	Tile = NAD, Mastic = 5% chrysotile	Non

HA No.	Sample ID No.	Suspect Material Description	Asbestos Content	Friability
7	32-8-1, 32-8-2, 32-8-3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic	Tile = 5% chrysotile, Mastic = 3% chrysotile	Non
8	34-8-1, 34-8-2	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic	Tile = 5% chrysotile, Mastic = 5% chrysotile	Non
9	31-2-1	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic	Tile = 10% chrysotile, Mastic = 1-2% chrysotile	Non
10	34-10-1, 34-10-2, 34-10-3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" beige with brown streaks w/ black mastic	Tile = NAD, Mastic = NAD	N/A
11	34-11-1, 34-11-2, 34-11-3	Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white w/ black mastic	Tile = NAD, Mastic = NAD	N/A
12	34-12-1, 34-12-2, 34-12-3	Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern	Flooring = NAD, Mastic = 10% chrysotile	Non
13	31-10-1, 31-10-2, 31-10-3	Drywall, on walls	NAD	N/A
14	31-11-1, 31-11-2, 31-11-3	Joint Sealer Compound, on drywall	NAD	N/A
15	35-24-1, 35-24-2, 35-24-3	Mastic on Sink, black	NAD	N/A
16	33-11-1, 33-11-2, 33-11-3	Spray-Applied Ceiling Finish	NAD	N/A
17	31-7-1, 31-7-2, 31-7-3	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 4' white suspended groove and pinhole (new)	NAD	N/A
18	31-6-1, 34-6-2, 31-6-3	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 2' white suspended groove and pinhole (old)	NAD	N/A
19	34-19-1, 34-19-2, 34-19-3	Ceiling Tile, 2' x 2' white suspended groove and pinhole (new)	NAD	N/A
20	Assumed	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water	Assumed to contain asbestos due to the inaccessibility of the material in walls	Friable
21	33-3-1, 33-3-2, 33-3-3	Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam	15-20% chrysotile, 15-20% amosite	Friable
22	Exterior Pipe-32	Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap	Layer 1 = 15% amosite, Layer 2 = NAD	Friable
23	36-4-1, 36-4-2, 36-4-3	Window Glazing, interior	NAD	N/A
24	B34-S1, B34-S2, B34-S3	Tank Insulation	NAD	N/A
25	36-15-1, 36-15-2, 36-15-3	Roof, built-up	NAD	N/A

Notes: NAD = No Asbestos Detected N/A = Not Applicable

7.0 RESULTS OF QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLING

The purpose of quality control (QC) sampling was to ensure reproducibility of the primary laboratory analysis results. Duplicate samples were collected for ten percent of the total building samples for QC purposes.

Table 5.0
Validation of Quality Control Sampling

Sample I.D. No.	Primary Laboratory Analysis Results	QC Laboratory Analysis Results
34-4-1QC	Tile = 2% chrysotile, Mastic = 10% chrysotile	Tile = 4% chrysotile, Mastic = 6% chrysotile
34-6-1QC	Tile = NAD, Mastic = 5% chrysotile	Tile = NAD, Mastic = 7% chrysotile
34-5-1QC	Tile = 2% chrysotile, Mastic = 10% chrysotile	Tile = 5% chrysotile, Mastic = 3% chrysotile

Notes: QC = Quality Control NAD = No Asbestos Detected

No discrepancies between primary laboratory and quality control laboratory bulk sample analysis were noted.

8.0 PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT OF IDENTIFIED ACM

The following sections contain a summary of the methodology BAT specialists used to conduct the physical assessment for this building. This methodology was developed in accordance with USEPA AHERA re-inspection requirements contained in 40 CFR Part 343.85.

1. Physical Assessment for Friable ACM.

A. **Condition.** Friable ACM were assigned to one of the following categories based on a visual inspection and touch test:

1) **Significantly Damaged Condition.** Material which met one or both of the following characteristics:

- a. Ten percent (10%) or more of the material in the functional space is crumbled, blistered, or is hanging from the surface, deteriorated, showing adhesive failure, water stained, gouged or marred, and the damage is evenly distributed.
- b. Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the material in the functional space is crumbled, blistered, or is hanging from the surface, deteriorated, showing adhesive failure, water stained, gouged or marred, and the damage is localized.

2) **Damaged Condition.** Material which met one or both of the following characteristics:

- a. The surface is crumbling, blistered, water stained, gouged or marred, or otherwise damaged on less than ten percent (10%) of the material in the functional space (but material is too damaged to be characterized as good condition) and the damage is evenly distributed.
- a. The surface is crumbling, blistered, water stained, gouged or marred, or otherwise damaged on twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the material in the functional space (but material is too damaged to be characterized as good condition) and the damage is localized.

3) **Good Condition.** Material with very limited, or no visible damage or deterioration.

B. **Potential for Disturbance.** Friable ACM were assigned to one of the following categories based on a visual inspection and assessment of surroundings:

- 1) **Potential for Significant Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions:
 - a. High potential for Contact. Service workers are in the vicinity of the material more than once each week or the material is in a public area and is accessible to building occupants.
 - b. High Potential for Vibration. Loud motors or engines present in the vicinity of the material or there are intrusive noises or easily sensed vibrations from surrounding area, such as nearby highways or airports.
 - c. High Potential for Air Erosion. High velocity air moving across or against material.

- 2) **Potential for Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions for potential for significant damage:
 - a. Moderate Potential for Contact. Service workers are in the vicinity of the material at least once each month, but less than once each week or the material is in a room or office and is accessible to the occupants.
 - b. Moderate Potential for Vibration. Motors or engines present but not obtrusive or occasional loud noise in the vicinity of the material.
 - c. Moderate potential for Air Erosion. Noticeable movement of air across or against material, but not high in velocity.

- 3) **Low Potential for Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions and met none of the conditions for potential for significant damage or potential for damage:
 - a. Low Potential for Contact. Service workers are in the vicinity of the material less than once each month or the material is visible but not accessible to the building occupants in the course of normal activity.
 - b. Low Potential for Vibration. None of the conditions for high or moderate potential for vibration are met.
 - c. Low Potential for Air Erosion. None of the conditions for high or moderate potential for air erosion are met.

2. Physical Assessment for Thermal ACM.

A. **Condition.** Thermal ACMs were assigned to one of the following categories based on a visual inspection:

1) **Significantly Damaged Condition.** Material which met one or both of the following characteristics:

- a. Missing jackets, crushed, heavily gouged, or punctured insulation on equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the material in the functional space, and the damage is evenly distributed.
- b. Missing jackets, crushed, heavily gouged, or punctured insulation on equal to or greater than twenty-five percent (25%) of the material in the functional space, and the damage is localized.

2) **Damaged Condition.** Material which met one or both of the following characteristics:

- a. Missing jackets, crushed, heavily gouged, or punctured insulation on less than ten percent (10%) of the material in the functional space, and the damage is evenly distributed.
- b. Missing jackets, crushed, heavily gouged, or punctured insulation on greater than twenty-five percent (25%) of the material in the functional space, and the damage is localized.

3) **Good Condition.** Material with very limited, or no visible damage or deterioration.

B. **Potential for Disturbance.** Thermal ACMs were assigned to one of the following categories based on a visual inspection and assessment of surroundings:

1) **Potential for Significant Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions:

- a. **High Potential for Contact.** Service workers are in the vicinity of the material more than once each week or the material is in a public area and is accessible to building occupants.
- b. **High Potential for Vibration.** Loud motors or engines present in the vicinity of the material or there are intrusive noises or easily sensed vibrations from surrounding area, such as a nearby highway or airport.

- c. **High Potential for Air Erosion.** High velocity air moving across or against the material.
- 2) **Potential for Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions and met none of the conditions for potential for significant damage.
- a. **Moderate Potential for Contact.** Service workers are in the vicinity of the material at least once each month but less than once each week or the material is in a room or office and is accessible to the occupants.
 - b. **Moderate Potential for Vibration.** Motors or engines present but not obtrusive or occasional loud noise in the vicinity of the material.
 - c. **Moderate Potential for Air Erosion.** Noticeable movement of air across or against material, but not high in velocity.
- 3) **Low Potential for Damage.** Material which met one or more of the following conditions and met none of the conditions for potential for significant damage or potential for damage:
- a. **Low Potential for Contact.** Service workers are in the vicinity of the material less than once per month or the material is visible but not accessible to the building occupants in the course of normal activity.
 - b. **Low Potential for Vibration.** None of the conditions for high or moderate potential for vibration are met.
 - c. **Low Potential for Air Erosion.** None of the conditions for high or moderate potential for air erosion are met.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 31-5-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 1

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 21,000 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 32-6-1, 32-6-2, and 32-6-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 2

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Floor Tile, 9" x 9" red w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 90 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-5-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 5

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 460 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed
Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-6-1, 34-6-2, and 34-6-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 6

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 510 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed
Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 32-8-1, 32-8-2, and 32-8-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 8

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 225 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed
Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-12-1, 34-12-2, and 34-12-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 12

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI X Other

Description: Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 170 SF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: X Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: X High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in high traffic areas.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate X Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: X Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): Assumed to contain asbestos

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 20

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 375 EA

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: UNK % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: UNK Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located in walls.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 33-3-1, 33-3-2, and 33-3-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 21

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 300 EA

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: <1 % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: High Moderate Low

Description: Material is located near the walls.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate Low

Description: None identified.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate Low

Description: None identified.

OVERALL RATING: Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT DATA FOR IDENTIFIED ACM

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): Exterior Pipe-32

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 22

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 160 LF

CONDITION:

Percent Damage: 10 % Damage Localized Distributed

Type of Damage: Deterioration Water Physical

DESCRIPTION:

Overall Rating: Good Fair Poor

POTENTIAL FOR DISTURBANCE:

Frequency of Potential Contact: High Moderate Low

Description: Majority of material is located above head level.

Influence of Vibration: High Moderate Low

Description: Weathering.

Potential for Air Erosion: High Moderate Low

Description: Weathering.

OVERALL RATING: Potential for Significant Damage Potential for Damage Low Potential for Damage

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

9.0 HAZARD ASSESSMENT OF IDENTIFIED ACM

AHERA describes a hazard assessment as "the means of collecting and considering whatever data were necessary for the management planner to make an informed, responsible recommendation to the LEA [Local Education Agency] consistent with response action requirements". As stated in AHERA, there is no single assessment method that is required in the regulations.

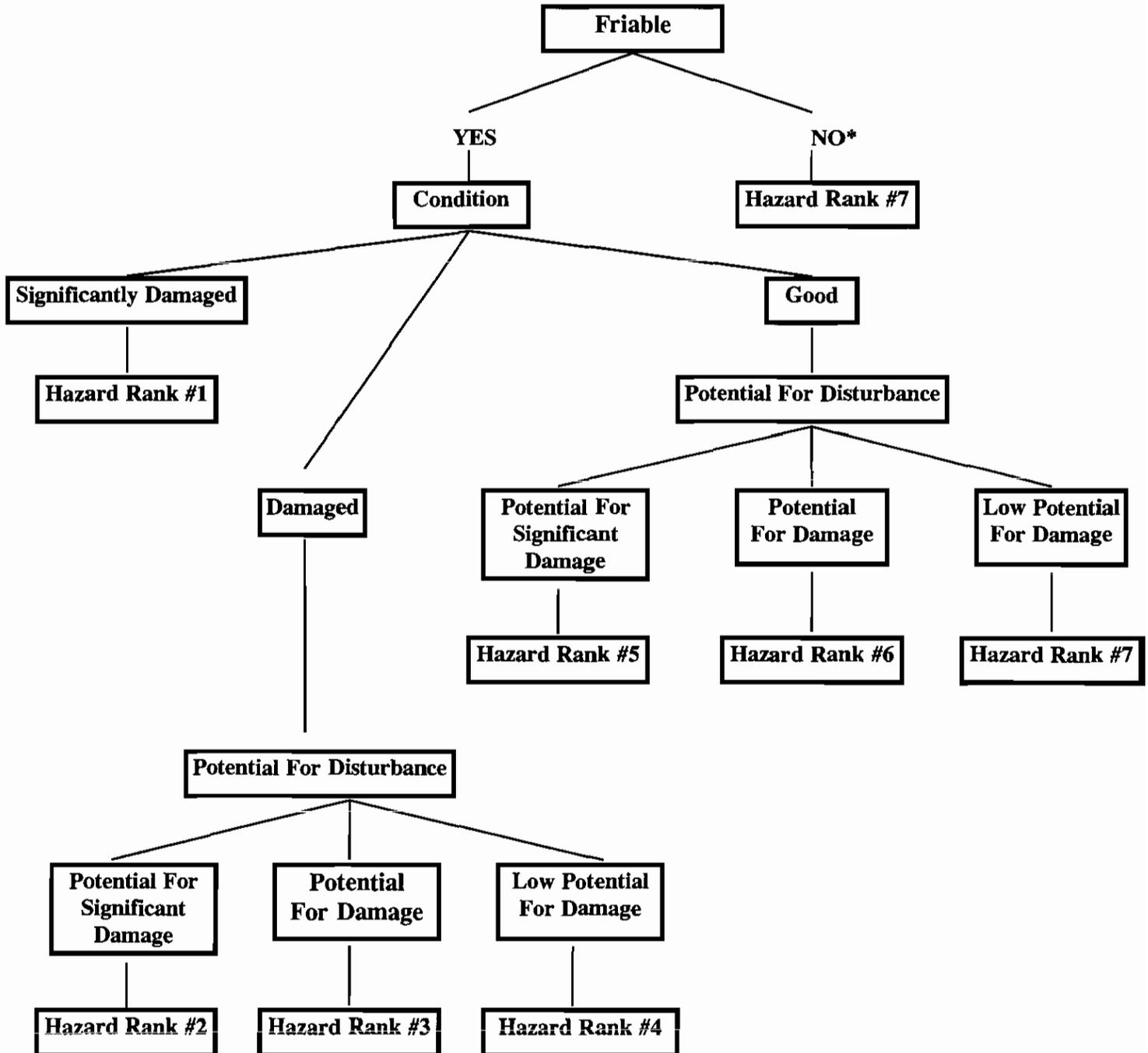
BAT adopted for this re-inspection one of the four general classes of hazard assessment models considered during the AHERA rule-making process. This method for hazard assessment is a modified decision tree as detailed in the USEPA, *Guidance for Assessing and Managing Exposure to Asbestos in Buildings*, or the *Pink Book*. Based on the physical assessment responses documented in the field, the BAT Management Planner proceeded through the decision tree process depicted in Figure 1.0 on the following page.

Only the identified and/or assumed asbestos-containing materials were assessed for hazards.

All of the identified and/or assumed asbestos-containing materials observed in this building were in good condition on the day of the survey.

Figure 1.0 Decision Tree Diagram For Hazard Assessment

Hazard rank #1 are materials of highest concern, and hazard rank #7 are the materials least likely to release asbestos fibers to the work area.



*Miscellaneous materials that are considered non-friable were placed in the Hazard Rank #8 category, which is in good condition with a low potential for damage.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 31-5-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 1

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 21,000 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 32-6-1, 32-6-2, and 32-6-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 2

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 90 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-3-1 and 34-3-2

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 3

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 14,240 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-4-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 4

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 5,600 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-5-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 5

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 460 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-6-1, 34-6-1, and 34-6-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 6

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 510 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 32-8-1, 32-8-2, and 32-8-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 7

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 630 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-8-1 and 34-8-2

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: §

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 225 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 31-2-1

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 9

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 7,000 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 34-12-1, 34-12-2, and 34-12-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 12

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 170 SF

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): Assumed to contain asbestos

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 20

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 375 EA

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

**HAZARD ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE ACTION DATA
FOR IDENTIFIED ACM**

BUILDING: Charleston Naval Shipyard, Building Number 34

SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 33-3-1, 33-3-2, and 33-3-3

HOMOGENEOUS AREA No.: 21

TYPE OF MATERIAL: Surfacing TSI Other

Description: Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white whith canvas wrap on steam

Approximate Amount of Asbestos-Containing Material (Linear or Square Foot): 300 EA

Approximate Recommended Response Action Cost:

HAZARD ASSESSMENT

RESPONSE ACTION RECOMMENDATION

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) Significantly damaged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (1) Removal |
| (2) Damaged plus potential for significant damage | (2) Encapsulation |
| (3) Damaged plus potential for damage | (3) Enclosure |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (4) Damaged plus low potential for damage | (4) Repair |
| (5) ACM (good condition) with potential for significant damage | (5) Operations and Maintenance Program |
| (6) ACM (good condition) with potential for damage | |
| (7) Any remaining friable ACM or friable suspect ACM | |
| (8) Non-friable ACM | |

COMMENTS: Material should be removed prior to renovation or demolition.

10.0 PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE FOR REMOVAL OF IDENTIFIED ACM

The following is a preliminary cost estimate for the abatement (removal) of identified ACM in Building 34. This estimate is based on removing all of the materials during the same project. It does not include the cost of replacement materials. The cost estimate includes, project surveillance, air monitoring, and disposal of materials. These costs are estimates only; BAT made no attempt to obtain bids from removal contractors for this work, however, the average unit costs of three asbestos abatement contractors were used to develop the preliminary removal costs. Additionally, quantities noted are based upon engineering measurements. BAT recommends the use of architectural measurements for more accurate quantification.

Material Description	Unit Cost (\$)	Quantity	Total Abatement Cost (\$)
Floor Tile (multi-layers) with Mastic	2.78	27,320 SF	75,950
Pipe Insulation (25-30 feet above ground)	5.25	160 LF	840
Pipe Fitting Insulation (including demolition of walls)	32.59	675 EA	21,998
Handling Cost	25.00	174 EA	4,350
Mobilization	300.00	3 EA	900
Waste Disposal Cost	<u>50.00</u>	<u>10 CY</u>	<u>500</u>
Removal Subtotal			104,538
IH Supervision and Monitoring			<u>13,500</u>
Project Subtotal			118,038
Contingency (33%)			<u>38,953</u>
Project Total			156,991

SF = Square Feet EA = Each CY = Cubic Yard

11.0 CONCLUSIONS

Inspection of Building 34 and confirmatory laboratory bulk sample analysis of selected samples identified the following materials with asbestos concentrations greater than one percent.

<u>Identified ACM</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>NESHAP Category</u>
Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic	21,000 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 9" x 9" red w/ black mastic	90 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic	14,240 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic	5,600 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic	460 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic	510 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic	630 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic	225 SF	Category I, non-friable
Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic	7,000 SF	Category I, non-friable
Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern	170 SF	Category I, non-friable
Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam	300 EA	Regulated, friable
Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap	160 LF	Regulated, friable

The following materials were not sampled in order to avoid disrupting their integrity, and they were assumed to contain asbestos:

<u>Assumed ACM</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>NESHAP Category</u>
Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water	375 EA	Regulated, friable

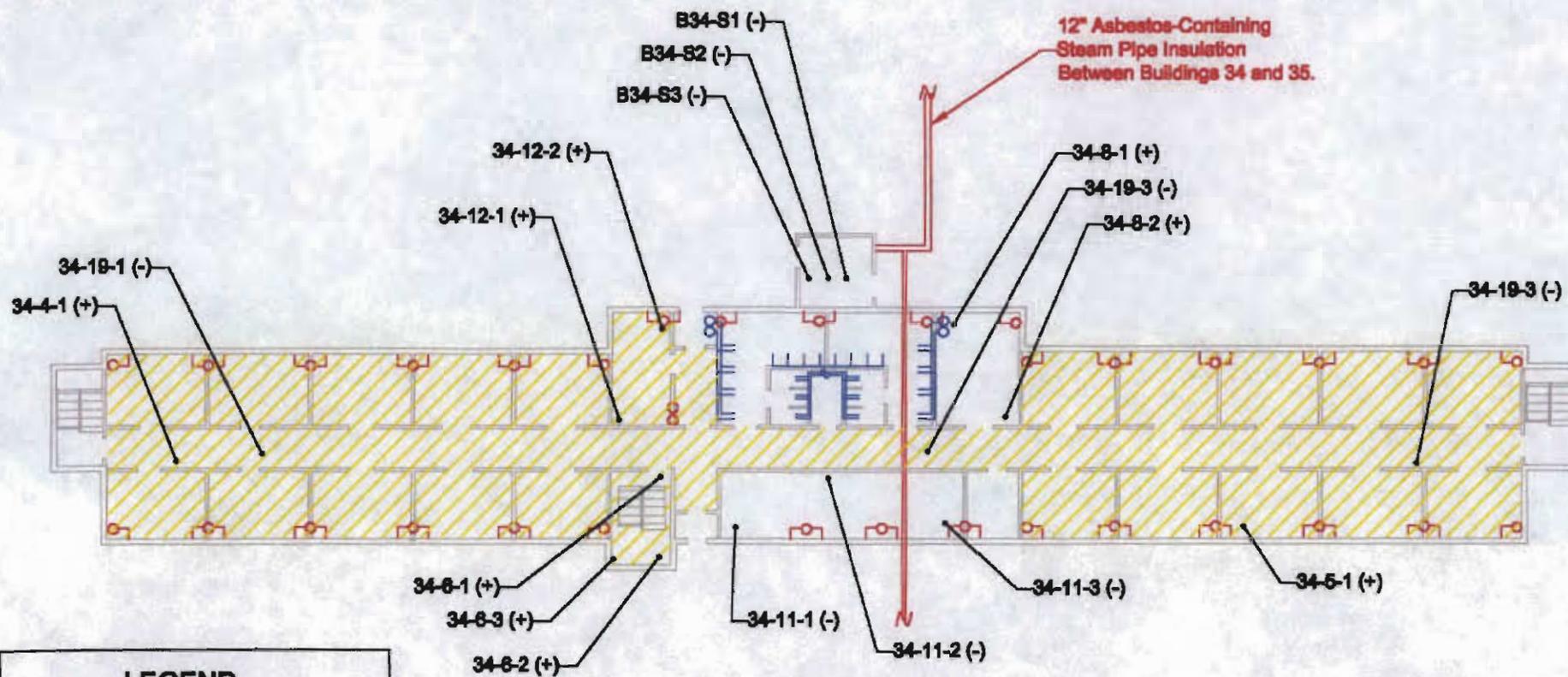
Other suspect ACM not identified could be present in areas of the building inaccessible to the asbestos-building inspectors. For example, material could exist in walls and other locations where access could only be gained by demolition of the building. Also, other materials currently not recognized as ACM by the asbestos building inspection industry could exist.

Rooms that were inaccessible to the asbestos-building inspectors have been identified on the drawings of the building in Appendix B, *Sample and ACM Location Drawings*.

EPA rules governing the application, removal and disposal of ACM were promulgated under NESHAP [40 CFR 61 Part M]. NESHAP requires the building owner or asbestos removal contractor to notify EPA when a building containing ACM is to be renovated, ACM is to be removed, or the building is to be demolished. At least 20 days notification is required "...if less than 260 linear feet of asbestos pipe covering or 160 square feet of asbestos material are removed during building renovation". Ten days notification is required when the amount is greater than 260 linear feet or 160 square feet of friable ACM.

APPENDIX A

SAMPLE AND ACM LOCATION DRAWINGS



LEGEND

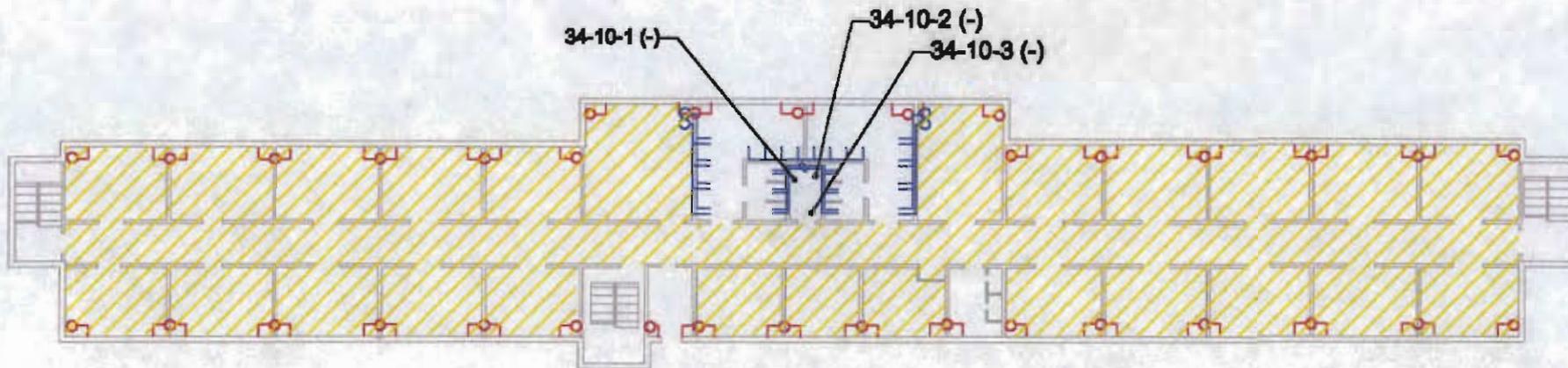
- - Sample Location
- (-) - Non-Asbestos-Containing Sample Location
- (+) - Asbestos-Containing Sample Location
- Asbestos-Containing Floor Tile and Mastic
- Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Riser and Branches to Radiator
- Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Domestic Water (Inaccessible in Walls)

BUILDING 34 FIRST FLOOR

Sample and Asbestos-Containing
Material Locations



BAT Associates, Inc.
 ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES
 5151 BROOK HOLLOW PARKWAY, SUITE 280
 NORCROSS, GA 30071

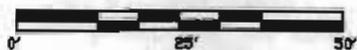


LEGEND

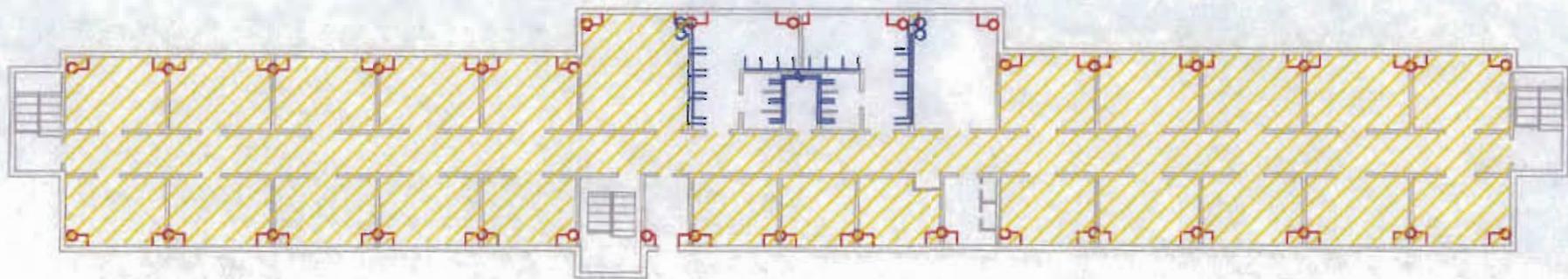
- - Sample Location
- (-) - Non-Asbestos-Containing Sample Location
- (+) - Asbestos-Containing Sample Location
-  - Asbestos-Containing Floor Tile and Mastic
-  - Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Riser and Branches to Radiator
-  - Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Domestic Water (Inaccessible in Walls)

**BUILDING 34
SECOND FLOOR**

Sample and Asbestos-Containing
Material Locations



BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES
5151 BROOK HOLLOW PARKWAY, SUITE 250
NORCROSS, GA 30071



LEGEND

-  - Asbestos-Containing Floor Tile and Mastic
-  - Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Riser and Branches to Radiator
-  - Asbestos-Containing Pipe Fitting Insulation on Domestic Water (Inaccessible in Walls)

BUILDING 34

THIRD FLOOR

Asbestos-Containing Material Locations



BAT Associates, Inc.

ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES
 5151 BROOK HOLLOW PARKWAY, SUITE 250
 NORCROSS, GA 30071

APPENDIX B

**PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION
OF IDENTIFIED ACM**

SEE PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION FOR HA # 4

Floor Tile, 9" x 9" black w/ black mastic, HA # 1



Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic, HA # 2

SEE PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION FOR HA # 2

Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with beige streaks w/ black mastic, HA # 3



Floor Tile, 12" x 12" dark blue with white streaks w/ black mastic, HA # 4



Floor Tile, 12" x 12" yellow w/ black mastic, HA # 5

SEE PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION FOR HA # 2

Floor Tile, 12" x 12" red w/ black mastic, HA # 6



Floor Tile, 12" x 12" black w/ black mastic, HA # 7



Floor Tile, 12" x 12" green with white streaks w/ black mastic, HA # 8

SEE PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION FOR HA # 7

Floor Tile, 12" x 12" off-white with white streaks w/ black mastic, HA # 9



Sheet Flooring, brown with dark brown pattern, HA # 12

INACCESSIBLE IN WALLS

Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on domestic water, HA # 20



Pipe Fitting Insulation, 3" white with canvas wrap on steam, HA # 21



Pipe Insulation, 12" with metal wrap, HA # 22

APPENDIX C

PERSONNEL AND LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS



The Georgia Institute of Technology

This is to certify that

Foshie Bell

has attended an EPA-approved half-day Continuing Education Course entitled:

***Inspecting Buildings for Asbestos Containing Materials
(Annual Refresher Course for Building Inspectors)***

*as required by the Federal EPA AHERA Model Accreditation Plan for
re-accreditation as a Building Inspector for Asbestos (TSCA Title II).*

Georgia Tech Research Institute
Electro-Optics, Environment and Materials Laboratory
Atlanta, GA 30332
Phone: (404) 894-7430; FAX: (404) 894-1267

August 26, 1998

Dates of Attendance

August 26, 1999

Expiration Date

149-64-0385

Social Security Number

Myrtle I. Turner

Myrtle I. Turner, CET
Course Director

2900

Certificate Number

The Environmental Institute

Douglas J. Milton

Social Security Number - 266-55-7179

*Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed
an examination that meets all criteria required for
EPA/HERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Reaccreditation
and NESHAP Regulations Training*

***Asbestos in Buildings: Inspector & Management
Planner Refresher***

December 15, 1999

Course Date

6398

Certificate Number

December 15, 1999

Examination Date

December 14, 2000

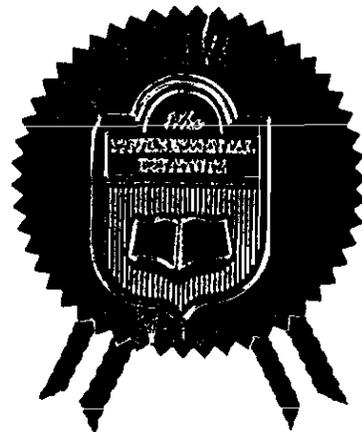
Expiration Date

Tod A. Dawson

Tod A. Dawson - Course Director

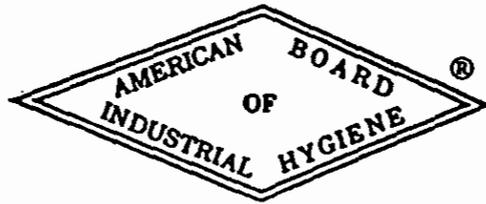
Rachel G. McCain

Rachel G. McCain - Exam Administrator



TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600

The
American Board of Industrial Hygiene®
ABIH®



organized to improve the practice of Industrial Hygiene
proclaims that

Douglas J. Milton

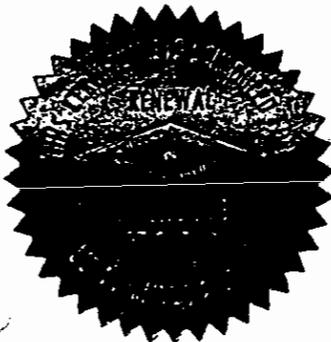
having met all requirements through
education, experience and examination,
is hereby certified in the

**COMPREHENSIVE PRACTICE
of
INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE**

and has the right to use the designations

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL HYGIENIST

CIH



November 12, 1997

date

J. Kenneth Conroy

Chair ABIH

CP 7612

certificate
number

Ray T. Conroy

Secretary ABIH



South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

No. 22860

This certifies that

Douglas J Milton

266-ARB-7179

doing business as *B A T Associates, Inc*

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant/Management Planner

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company. Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from

09/24/98.

The holder of this license is qualified in accordance with requirements of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act of 1986 (AHERA) to perform as an abatement Building Inspector.

07/28/99

ORIGINAL

07/28/99 14:31



Richard D. Sharpe

Richard D. Sharpe, Director
Air Compliance Management Division
Bureau of Air Quality
South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control
CR-001126



South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control

ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

No. 22859

This certifies that

Douglas J Milton

266-BSJ-7179

doing business as *B A T Associates, Inc*

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant/Building Inspector

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company. Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from

09/23/98.

07/28/99

ORIGINAL

07/28/99 14:28



Richard D. Sharpe

Richard D. Sharpe, Director
Air Compliance Management Division
Bureau of Air Quality
South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control
CR-001126



United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP[®]

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Certificate of Accreditation



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
ATLANTA, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

September 30, 2000

Effective through

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "James L. Galt".

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 102033-0

United States Department of Commerce
National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP[®]

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990
ISO 9002:1987

Certificate of Accreditation



CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, INC.
ATLANTA, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

June 30, 2000

Effective through

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "James L. Galt".

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 102111-0

APPENDIX D
LABORATORY ANALYSIS RESULTS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-5-1 LAB ID: 928071
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: BLACK HARD SILTY TO GRANULAR (FT) WITH FIBERS AND BROWN MASTIC

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE	7	CELLULOSE		VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	20
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	5
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	68

COMMENTS: 2% CHRYSTOLE IN MASTIC

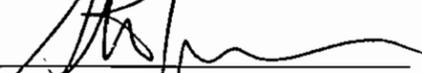
SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY.
REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
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 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 80 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3450
 Client Sample ID: 32-6-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers, bitumen and glue.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	3
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	2
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	40
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	2
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	2
Binders:	51

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 3% chrysotile. Floor tile and glue do not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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AES Job Number: B212
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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3451
 Client Sample ID: 32-6-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers, bitumen and glue.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	3
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	2
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	40
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	2
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	2
Binders:	51

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 3% chrysotile. Floor tile and glue do not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3452
 Client Sample ID: 32-6-3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers, bitumen and glue.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	3
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	2
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	40
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	2
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	2
Binders:	51

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 3% chrysotile. Floor tile and glue do not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCA analyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3527
 Client Sample ID: 34-3-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	50

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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AES Job Number: B212
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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3528
 Client Sample ID: 34-3-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	5
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	45

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 5% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3530
 Client Sample ID: 34-4-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Blue hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:	2	Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	48
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 2% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 10% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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AES Job Number: B212
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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3533
 Client Sample ID: 34-5-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Light brown hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:	2	Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	48
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 2% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 10% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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AES Job Number: B212
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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



%-12345X@PJL SET PAGEPROTECT=AUTO

@PJL SET RESOLUTION=600
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS
 @PJL ENTER LANGUAGE=PCL

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3536
 Client Sample ID: 34-6-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	2
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	3
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	47

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile. Floor tile does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

QCAlyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



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AES Job Number: B212
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 Thursday, February 10, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3537
 Client Sample ID: 34-6-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	2
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	3
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	47

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile. Floor tile does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCA analyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 34-6-3
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3538

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	2
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	3
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	47

COMMENTS: Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile. Floor tile does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

S. Arkhipov
 Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAAnalyst

Andrew Pittman
 Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 32-8-1
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3456

Sample Description: Gray hard compact partly granular with fibers, glue and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:	5	Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	2
Animal Hair:		Binders:	43
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 5% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile. Glue does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCA analyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3539
 Client Sample ID: 34-8-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Green hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	50

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains <1% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3540
 Client Sample ID: 34-8-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Olive hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	5
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	3
Binders:	45

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 5% chrysotile. Bitumen contains 5% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3503
 Client Sample ID: 31-2-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Red hard compact partly granular with fibers and glue.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:	10	Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	3
Animal Hair:		Binders:	40
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Floor tile contains 10% chrysotile. Glue contains 1-2% chrysotile.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3542
 Client Sample ID: 34-10-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	50
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3543
 Client Sample ID: 34-10-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	50
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

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Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3544
 Client Sample ID: 34-10-3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	50
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3545
 Client Sample ID: 34-11-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

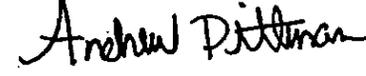
All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	45
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	1	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	50
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst: 
 Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst: 
 Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3546
 Client Sample ID: 34-11-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	50

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCA analyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3547
 Client Sample ID: 34-11-3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Tan hard compact partly granular with fibers and bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	50

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3548
 Client Sample ID: 34-12-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Dark gray semi-hard resilient; 2) Gray semi-hard silty to fibrous with bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	10
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	10
Cellulose:	
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	50
Glue:	
Binders:	27

COMMENTS: Layer #2: Bitumen contains 10% chrysotile. Silty does not contain asbestos. Layer #1 does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3549
 Client Sample ID: 34-12-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Dark gray semi-hard resilient; 2) Gray semi-hard silty to fibrous with bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	<1
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	10
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	10
Cellulose:	
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	3
Resilient Material:	50
Glue:	
Binders:	27

COMMENTS: Layer #2: Bitumen contains 10% chrysotile. Silty does not contain asbestos. Layer #1 does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard Project Number: 971001
 Client Sample ID: 34-12-3 AES Lab ID: 3550
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Dark gray semi-hard resilient; 2) Gray semi-hard silty to fibrous with bitumen.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:	<1	Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	10	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	3
Fiberglass:	10	Resilient Material:	50
Cellulose:		Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	27
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Layer #2: Bitumen contains 10% chrysotile. Silty does not contain asbestos. Layer #1 does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3512
 Client Sample ID: 31-10-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic with paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	35
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	30
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	10

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder. -

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3513
 Client Sample ID: 31-10-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic with paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	35
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	30
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	10

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder. -

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 31-10-3
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3514

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	35
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	30
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	10

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCA Analyst

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3515
 Client Sample ID: 31-11-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic with paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	35
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	30
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	10

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder. -

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Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 31-11-2
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3516

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic with paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	30
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:		Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:	35	Bitumen:	
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	25	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	10
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder. -

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Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 31-11-3
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3517

Sample Description: Gray soft fibrous to perlitic with paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	35
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	30
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	10

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder. -

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3390
 Client Sample ID: 35-24-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	3
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	2
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	90
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	5

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3391
 Client Sample ID: 35-24-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	3	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	90
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	2	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	5
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

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Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAAnalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name:	B A T Associates, Inc.	Project Number	971001
Project Name:	Charleston Naval Shipyard	AES Lab ID:	3392
Client Sample ID:	35-24-3		
Location:	Not given		

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	3	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	90
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	2	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	5
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

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Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3435
 Client Sample ID: 33-11-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Light gray soft powdery to vacuous with fibers and paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	50

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	49

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3436
 Client Sample ID: 33-11-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Light gray soft powdery to vacuous with fibers and paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	50

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	49

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3437
 Client Sample ID: 33-11-3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Light gray soft powdery to vacuous with fibers and paint.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	1
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	45
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	3
Binders:	50

COMMENTS: Paint included as binder.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-7-1 LAB ID: 928077
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO

APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

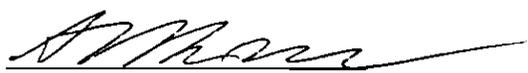
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE		CELLULOSE	35	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	25	PERLITE	30	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	10

COMMENTS:

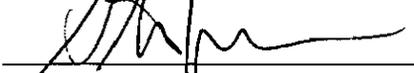
SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 783, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L80ZZ.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-7-2 LAB ID: 928078
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO

APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

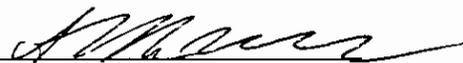
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE		CELLULOSE	35	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	25	PERLITE	30	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	10

COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. 1 (7-1-92) PT. 783, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY.
REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-7-3 LAB ID: 928079
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO

APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE		CELLULOSE	30	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	30	PERLITE	30	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	10

COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY.
REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NON-FRIABLE MATERIALS. QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-6-1 LAB ID: 928074
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE		CELLULOSE	30	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	30	PERLITE	30	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	10

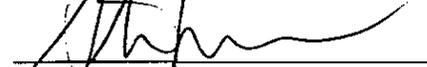
COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. 1 (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-6-2 LAB ID: 928075
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

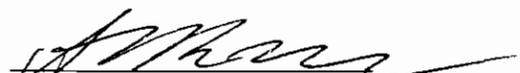
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE		CELLULOSE	30	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	30	PERLITE	25	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	15

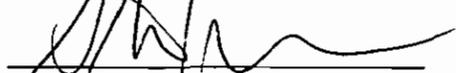
COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 31-6-3 LAB ID: 928076
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE		CELLULOSE	25	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS	25	PERLITE	35	SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	15

COMMENTS:

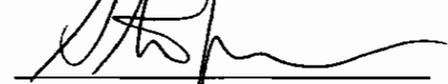
SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
 3125 Marjan Drive
 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 181 of 183 Total Samples
 Thursday, February 10, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3551
 Client Sample ID: 34-19-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous to silty with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	2	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	50
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	47
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
 3125 Marjan Drive
 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 182 of 183 Total Samples
 Thursday, February 10, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3552
 Client Sample ID: 34-19-2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous to silty with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:	2	Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	50
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	1	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	47
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
 3125 Marjan Drive
 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 183 of 183 Total Samples
 Thursday, February 10, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3553
 Client Sample ID: 34-19-3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Black semi-hard bitumenous to silty with fibers.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	2
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	1
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	50
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	47

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L80ZZ.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00

SAMPLE FIELD ID: 33-3-1 LAB ID: 928056
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO

APPEARANCE: WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT

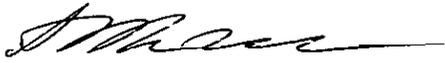
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE	15	CELLULOSE	20	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE	15	GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	50

COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. 1 (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00

SAMPLE FIELD ID: 33-3-2 LAB ID: 928057
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT

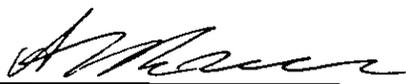
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE	20	CELLULOSE	20	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE	15	GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	45

COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-2
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 33-3-3 LAB ID: 928058
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/10/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT

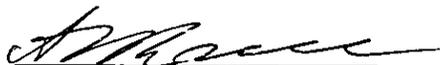
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE	20	CELLULOSE	15	VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE	20	GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	45

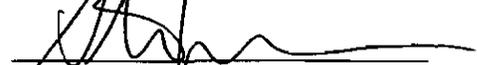
COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/10/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
 3125 Marjan Drive
 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 23 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3393
 Client Sample ID: Exterior Pipe - 32
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Light brown semi-hard fibrous with aluminum; 2) Gray soft powdery to fibrous.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	15
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	5
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	5
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	75

COMMENTS: Layer #2 contains 15% amosite. Layer #1 does not contain asbestos.

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

All percentages given are by volume visually estimated. All analyses are performed in accordance with the EPA "Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA/600/R-93/116, July 1993." This report must not be reproduced except in full with the approval of Analytical Environmental Services, Inc. These test results apply only to the samples actually tested. The refractive index was determined by using "Rapidly and Accurately Determining Refractive Indices of Asbestos Fibers by Using Dispersion Staining Method" by Shu-Chun Su, Ph.D.

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-1
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 36-4-1 LAB ID: 928047
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/7/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED:	NO
APPEARANCE:	GRAY HARD SILTY

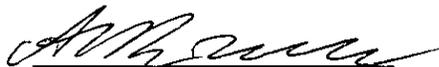
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYSTOLE		CELLULOSE		VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	5
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	95

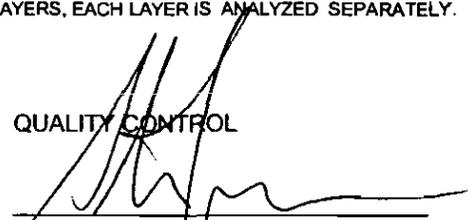
COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. 1 (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/7/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-1
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00

SAMPLE FIELD ID: 36-4-2 LAB ID: 928048
SAMPLE INFO: _____ DATE ANALYZED: 1/7/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: GRAY HARD SILTY

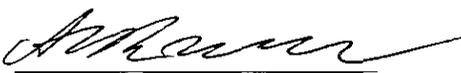
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYCOTILE		CELLULOSE		VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	7
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	93

COMMENTS:

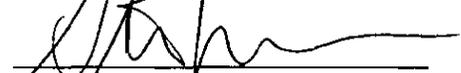
SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. 1 (7-1-92)PT. 783, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/7/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST



ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL



STEVE JARVIS

**POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT**

CLIENT NAME: BAT ASSOCIATES LAB JOB NO: B9334-1
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03 DATE RECEIVED: 12/16/99
PROJECT NO: L802Z.000 REPORT ISSUED: 1/13/00
SAMPLE FIELD ID: 36-4-3 LAB ID: 928049
SAMPLE INFO: DATE ANALYZED: 1/7/00

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

LAYERED: NO
APPEARANCE: GRAY HARD SILTY

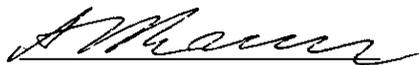
RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NONASBESTOS FIBERS		NONFIBROUS COMPONENTS		OTHER COMPONENTS	
CHRYBOTILE		CELLULOSE		VERMICULITE/MICA		BITUMEN/TAR	
AMOSITE		GLASS FIBERS		PERLITE		SAND/AGGR.	5
CROCIDOLITE		SYNTHETICS		EXPANDED GLASS		GLUE/CAULK	
TREMOLITE		WOLLASTONITE		SYNTHETIC FOAM		VINYL	
ACTINOLITE		TALC		ALUMINUM/METAL		CORK	
ANTHOPHYLLITE				FOAM RUBBER		LATEX/RUBBER	
						PAINT/OTHER	95

COMMENTS:

SAMPLE WAS ANALYZED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA METHOD 40CFR Ch. I (7-1-92) PT. 763, SUBPT. F, APP. A. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 1/7/00 FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER IS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. REPORT 1 OF 1

ANALYST


ALEKSEY REZNIK

QUALITY CONTROL


STEVE JARVIS

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS. QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.



ANALYTICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.
 3125 Marjan Drive
 Atlanta, GA 30340
 Tel: (770) 457-8177
 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: B212
 Page 35 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3405
 Client Sample ID: B34-S1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Red semi-hard silty to woven; 2) Gray semi-hard silty to fibrous; 3) Light gray soft fibrous.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	5
Fiberglass:	80
Cellulose:	
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	15

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

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 Tel: (770) 457-8177
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AES Job Number: B212
 Page 36 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3406
 Client Sample ID: B34-S2
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Red semi-hard silty to woven; 2) Gray semi-hard silty to fibrous; 3) Light gray soft fibrous.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:		Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:	5	Bitumen:	
Fiberglass:	80	Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:		Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	15
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst

Svetlana Arkhipov

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 Fax: (770) 457-8188

AES Job Number: **B212**
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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3407
 Client Sample ID: B34-S3
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Red semi-hard silty to woven; 2) Light gray soft powdery to fibrous.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	
Fiberglass:	10
Cellulose:	25
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	65

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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AES Job Number: B212
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 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc. Project Number: 971001
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard AES Lab ID: 3417
 Client Sample ID: 36-15-1
 Location: Not given

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Black semi-hard bitumenous; 2) Black semi-hard bitumenous to fibrous; 3) Brown soft fibrous to perlitic.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Chrysotile:	
Amosite:	
Crocidolite:	
Anthophyllite:	
Tremolite:	
Actinolite:	

NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS	
Synthetics:	
Mineral Wool:	5
Fiberglass:	
Cellulose:	30
Animal Hair:	
Antigorite:	

NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Vermiculite:	
Biotite:	
Mica:	
Perlite:	5
Aggregates:	
Styrofoam:	

OTHERS	
Aluminum:	
Bitumen:	60
Resilient Material:	
Glue:	
Binders:	

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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AES Job Number: B212
 Page 48 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 36-15-2
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3418

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Black semi-hard bitumenous; 2) Black semi-hard bitumenous to fibrous; 3) Brown soft fibrous to perlitic.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	5
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:		Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:	5	Bitumen:	60
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	30	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAlyst:

Andrew Pittman

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AES Job Number: B212
 Page 49 of 183 Total Samples
 Wednesday, February 09, 2000



BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS

Client Name: B A T Associates, Inc.
 Project Name: Charleston Naval Shipyard
 Client Sample ID: 36-15-3
 Location: Not given
 Project Number: 971001
 AES Lab ID: 3419

Sample Description: Layered: 1) Black semi-hard bitumenous with aggregates; 2) Black semi-hard bitumenous to fibrous.

All percentages given below are visually estimated by volume

ASBESTOS FIBERS		NON-FIBROUS MATERIALS	
Chrysotile:		Vermiculite:	
Amosite:		Biotite:	
Crocidolite:		Mica:	
Anthophyllite:		Perlite:	
Tremolite:		Aggregates:	10
Actinolite:		Styrofoam:	
NON-ASBESTOS FIBERS		OTHERS	
Synthetics:		Aluminum:	
Mineral Wool:		Bitumen:	65
Fiberglass:		Resilient Material:	
Cellulose:	25	Glue:	
Animal Hair:		Binders:	
Antigorite:			

COMMENTS:

It is certified by the signatures below that the laboratory identified is accredited by the National Institute of Standards and Technology for Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) analysis under the EPA Interim Asbestos Bulk Sample Quality Assurance Program, Laboratory 102082-0.

Microanalyst:

Svetlana Arkhipov

QCAAnalyst:

Andrew Pittman

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BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39031
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001 TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE	
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID
1. 31-2-1	16. 31-12-1
2. 31-2-2	17. 31-12-2
3. 31-2-3	18. 31-12-3
4. 31-5-1	19. 31-13-1
5. 31-5-2	20. 31-13-2
6. 31-5-3	21. 31-13-3
7. 31-9-1	22. 31-16-1
8. 31-9-2	23. 31-16-2
9. 31-9-3	24. 31-16-3
10. 31-10-1	25.
11. 31-10-2	26.
12. 31-10-3	27.
13. 31-11-1	28.
14. 31-11-2	29.
15. 31-11-3	30.
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <i>Analyze each homogeneous area tile positive</i>	
Relinquished by: <i>John Bell</i>	Received by: <i>Jennifer Ross</i>
Date: <i>1/31/00</i> Time: <i>1:57</i>	Date: FEB 01 2000 Time:

21100 NAU 4 BILL RATE

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39032
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT		DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME		BAT JOB NO. 971001	TASK NO. 13.03
Charleston Naval Shipyard			
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____			
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE			
<input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE			
SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID	
1. 32-2-1		16. 32-7-1	
2. 32-2-2		17. 32-7-2	
3. 32-2-3		18. 32-7-3	
4. 32-3-1		19. 32-8-1	
5. 32-3-2		20. 32-8-2	
6. 32-3-3		21. 32-8-3	
7. 32-4-1		22. 32-11-1	
8. 32-4-2		23. 32-11-2	
9. 32-4-3		24. 32-11-3	
10. 32-5-1		25.	
11. 32-5-2		26.	
12. 32-5-3		27.	
13. 32-6-1		28.	
14. 32-6-2		29.	
15. 32-6-3		30.	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Analyze each homogeneous area till positive			
Relinquished by: Ashie Bell		Received by: Jennifer Ross	
Date: 1/31/00	Time: 1357	Date: FEB 01 2000	Time:

2/1/00 NAVY BILL RATE

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39034
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001 TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE	
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID
1. 33-4-1	16.
2. 33-4-2	17.
3. 33-4-3	18.
4. 33-5-1	19.
5. 33-5-2	20.
6. 33-5-3	21.
7. 33-8-1	22.
8.. 33-8-2	23.
9. 33-8-3	24.
10. 33-9-1	25.
11. 33-9-2	26.
12. 33-9-3	27.
13. 33-11-1	28.
14. 33-11-2	29.
15. 33-11-3	30.
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <i>Analyze each homogeneous area tile positive</i>	
Relinquished by: <i>Foshie Bell</i>	Received by: <i>Jennystar Ross</i>
Date: <i>1/33/00</i> Time: <i>1357</i>	Date: FEB 01 2000 Time:

4/1/00 NAVY BIR rate

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39034
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001 TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE	
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID
1. 34-3-1	16. 34-10-1
2. 34-3-2	17. 34-10-2
3. 34-3-3	18. 34-10-3
4. 34-4-1	19. 34-11-1
5. 34-4-2	20. 34-11-2
6. 34-4-3	21. 34-11-3
7. 34-5-1	22. 34-12-1
8. 34-5-2	23. 34-12-2
9. 34-5-3	24. 34-12-3
10. 34-6-1	25. 34-19-1
11. 34-6-2	26. 34-19-2
12. 34-6-3	27. 34-19-3
13. 34-8-1	28.
14. 34-8-2	29.
15. 34-8-3	30.
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Analyze each homogeneous ^{area} tile tile positive	
Relinquished by: <i>Joshie Bell</i>	Received by: <i>Jonny Ross</i>
Date: 1/31/00 Time: 1:57	Date: FEB 01 2000 Time:

211/00 NAVY BILL RATE

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39033
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT		DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME	Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001	TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____			
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE			
<input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE			
SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID	
1. 35-5-1		16.	
2. 35-5-2		17.	
3. 35-5-3		18.	
4. 35-10-1		19.	
5. 35-10-2		20.	
6. 35-10-3		21.	
7. 35-24-1		22.	
8. 35-24-2		23.	
9. 35-24-3		24.	
10.		25.	
11.		26.	
12.		27.	
13.		233.	
14.		29.	
15.		30.	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <i>Analyze each homogeneous area tile positive</i>			
Relinquished by: <i>Ashie Bell</i>		Received by: <i>Jennyfer Ross</i>	
Date: <i>1/33/00</i>	Time: <i>1357</i>	Date: FEB 01 2000	Time:

41100 NAVY BILL Rate

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-39034
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT		DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME		Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001
		TASK NO. 13.03	
ANALYSIS REQUESTED		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	
CHECK ONE:		<input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN)	AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
		<input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN)	AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID	
1. 36-4-1		16.	
2. 36-4-2		17.	
3. 36-4-3		18.	
4. 36-5-1		19.	
5. 36-5-2		20.	
6. 36-5-3		21.	
7. 36-15-1		22.	
8. 36-15-2		23.	
9. 36-15-3		24.	
10. 36-16-1		25.	
11. 36-16-2		26.	
12. 36-16-3		27.	
13.		28.	
14.		29.	
15.		30.	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <i>Analyze each homogeneous area tile positive</i>			
Relinquished by: <i>Joshie Bell</i>		Received by: <i>Jennylton Ross</i>	
Date: <i>1/31/00</i> Time: <i>1357</i>		Date: FEB 01 2000 Time:	

2/1/00 *NAVY BILL ratp*

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME Charleston Naval Shipyards	BAT JOB NO. 971001 TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER _____	
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE	
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID
1. Exterior Pipe-32	16. B35-S1
2. Exterior Pipe-34	17. B35-S2
3. Exterior Pipe-36	18. B35-S3
4. B31-S1	19.
5. B31-S2	20.
6. B31-S3	21.
7. B32-S1	22.
8. B32-S2	23.
9. B32-S3	24.
10. B33-S1	25.
11. B33-S2	26.
12. B33-S3	27.
13. B34-S1	233.
14. B34-S2	29.
15. B34-S3	30.
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: <i>Analyze each homogeneous area tile positive</i>	
Relinquished by: <i>Joshie Bell</i>	Received by: <i>Jennifer Ross</i>
Date: <i>1/33/00</i> Time: <i>1357</i>	Date: <i>FEB 01 2000</i> Time: _____

411/00 *NAVY BILL rate*

**ENVIRONMENTAL
MANAGEMENT
INC**

TEL: (770) 808-7200 FAX: (770) 908-7219

Page 2 of 4

PLM ANALYSIS ASBESTOS SUMMARY *

CLIENT NAME: **BAT ASSOCIATES** PROJECT NO: **00003.000.000**
 PROJECT NAME: **CHARLESTON NSY / 971001-13.03** LAB JOB NO: **B0018** DATE RCVD: **2/1/00**

SAMPLE LAB ID	SAMPLE FIELD ID	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	LOCATION / DESCRIPTION	% ASBESTOS (COMMENTS)
17 1032	34-4-1QC		BLUE HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH BLACK MASTIC		4%CHR (6% CHRYSOTILE IN BLACK MASTIC)
18 1033-1	34-6-1QC	1 (of 2)	RED HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR		-
19 1033-2	34-6-1QC	2 (of 2)	BLACK MASTIC WITH FIBERS		7%CHR
20 1034	34-5-1QC		YELLOW HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH BLACK MASTIC		5%CHR (7% CHRYSOTILE IN BLACK MASTIC)
21 1035	36-4-1QC		GRAY HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH BLACK MASTIC		7%CHR (4% CHRYSOTILE IN BLACK MASTIC)
22 1036	BAT199-2-1QC		PINK HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH YELLOW GUMMY MASTIC		-
23 1037	BAT199-1-1QC		BLACK HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH FIBERS AND BLACK MASTIC		5%CHR (3% CHRYSOTILE IN BLACK MASTIC)
24 1038	BAT199-4-1QC		GRAY SEMI-HARD RESILIENT WITH BROWN MASTIC		-
25 1039	BAT199-5-1QC		GRAY SEMI-HARD RESILIENT		-
26 1040	BAT199-7-1QC		GRAY SOFT FIBROUS TO GRANULAR TO POWDERY WITH PAINT		-
27 1041	BAT199-10-1QC		BLACK SOFT BITUMINOUS WITH FIBERS AND ALUMINUM FOIL		5%CHR
28 1042	BAT199-17-1QC		GRAY SOFT RESILIENT WITH ALUMINUM FOIL, CANVAS, AND YELLOW FIBERS		-
29 1043-2	1777-3-1QC	2 (of 2)	BLACK SOFT BITUMINOUS WITH FIBERS		3%CHR (SAMPLE NOT ON CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY)
30 1043	1777-1-1QC		NOT RECEIVED		(NOT ANALYZED)
31 1043-1	1777-3-1QC	1 (of 2)	GREEN HARD RESILIENT TO GRANULAR WITH FIBERS		(SAMPLE NOT ON CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY)

* If box "QC" is not checked, these results are provided before full QC is completed and therefore could be changed.

QC

* = NO ASBESTOS DETECTED

02/14/00 MON 11:59 FAX 770 908 7200

CAPE ENVIRO.

009

BAT

BAT Associates, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH & SAFETY SERVICES

5151 Brook Hollow Pkwy., Suite 250
Norcross, GA 30071
Phone: (770) 242-3908
Fax: (770) 242-3912

CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM

BAT PROJECT CONTACT		DOUGLAS J. MILTON	
BAT JOB NAME	Charleston Naval Shipyard	BAT JOB NO. 971001	TASK NO. 13.03
ANALYSIS REQUESTED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PLM <input type="checkbox"/> PCM <input type="checkbox"/> AAS For Lead Content <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER			
CHECK ONE: <input type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ROUTINE - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE <input type="checkbox"/> RUSH - FAX (HANDWRITTEN) AS SOON AS POSSIBLE			
SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID	
1. 76-1-1QC		16. 34-4-1QC	
2. 76-4-1QC		17. 34-6-1QC	
3. 76-8-1QC		18. 34-5-1QC	
4. 76-9-1QC		19. 36-4-1QC	
5. 76-12-1QC		20. BAT199-2-1QC	
6. 76-15-1QC		21. BAT199-1-1QC	
7. 76-16-1QC		22. BAT199-4-1QC	
8. 76-21-1QC		23. BAT199-5-1QC	
9. 76-23-1QC		24. BAT199-7-1QC	
10. 31-5-1QC		25. BAT199-10-1QC	
11. 31-10-1QC		26. BAT199-17-1QC	
12. 32-2-1QC		27.	
13. 32-3-1QC		28.	
14. 33-5-1QC		29.	
15. 34-3-1QC		30.	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: As per the previous report			
Relinquished by: <i>Joshie Bell</i>		Received by: <i>[Signature]</i>	
Date: 12/29/96	Time:	Date: 2/1/97	Time: 2:30

43400 (CB)
21100